## THE ANNUAL

## ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF

# THE NAINI TAL MUNICIPALITY

## FOR THE YEAR

1895-96



NAINITATE

PRINTED AT THE PADVERTISER PRESS!

4.34

No.  $\frac{1223}{A=337}$  of 1896.

FROM

#### C. H. ROBERTS Esq.,

President Municipal Committee,

Na ini al.

To

COL. E. E. GRIGG,

Offg. Commissioner, Kumaon Division,

Naini Tal.

Dated Naini Tal, the 8th July 1896.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the Annual Expenditure Report of the Naini Tal Municipality, for the year ending 31st March 1896, together with the prescribed Returns.

#### RECEIPTS.

2. The total amounts at the disposal of the Committee in this year, and that preceding are shown below:—

	•		1894-95.	1985-96.
	1 3	*		
	1 2 2 2	7. 7	Rs. a. p.	
Total annual income		14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1,10,521 1 7	92,530 14 9
Balance of last year	•	***	14,362 12 5	15,724 12 11
		٠,	-	
Total gross incom	en	44-	I,24,883 14 0	1,08,255 11 8
		',	Į.	

The accounts for 1894-95 included, under Head XIII, "Extraordinary," Louis, Rs. 20,000, being the second Loan received from Government for clearing off the outstanding accounts for the Water and Sewerage Works, while those for 1895-96 include Rs. 11,000 under the same Head, 5, contribution from Government, for Miscellaneous Improvements.

This latter item is part of the Rs. 15,000 contributed under G. O. No. 499 dated 15th March 1895, the remaining Rs. 4,000 having been received during the previous year. The normal income has thus been, for 1894-95 Rs. 86,521-1-7, as against Rs. 8,530-14-9 for 1895-96, or a decrease of Rs. 4,900-2-10, which was due to the sale to Government in the previous year, of a block of the Coolie Lines, for Rs. 13,000 as account modation for Government Chaprasies.

In order to ascertain the actual ordinary income and expectative it is necessary to explain that the following abnormal items appear on the expenditure, and on the kaneint side as "lightide"; and that they should timestere be deducted.

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In order to ascertain the actual ordinary income and expendence it is necessary to explain that the following abnormal items appear on the expenditure, and on the Receiptions as Referring and that they sheets, therefore, be deducted—

	Rs. a.	p.
(a) A cheque issued, and cancelled	239 15	6
(b) Imprest advance recovered	150 0	0
(c) Recovered, by mistake, from Abdul Gani	25 - 0	0
(d) Over-paid, by mistake, to District Engineer,	483 15	7
and recovered from him.		
	ويتوافع المرابعة والمرابعة	
Total Rupecs	898 15	1

Head 1, Class II, Animals for Slaughter Rs. 5,917.

3. The contract for slaughtering animals was sold for Rs. 5,030. To this amount is to be added Rs. 887, realization of outstandings from the previous year, giving an excess collection of Rs. 1,208 over that year.

Head II, Taxes on Houses, Buildings, and Lands Rs. 22,069-10-6.

4. Below will be found the contrast of Statistics of Taxation under this Head:—

	Sub- <b>H</b> ea	d.	•		180 4-	.P5,	1895-96.	Increase.	Decrense.
				<u></u> _					The same property are a community of the party of the par
(a) Station			***	***	16,326	1 3	17,488 2 6	1,162 1 3	
(h) Bazar	,		***		4,641	7 0	4581 8 0	.,,	50 15 0
,,	Total .	,1	***	711	20,967	8 3	22,069 10 6	1,162, '1 3	59 <b>15</b> 0

The increase of Rs. 1,102-2-3 was due to the realization, during the year, of outstandings from the previous year. These were shown as Rs. 2347-5-1. Of this sum Rs. 50-10 were remitted on Petersfield, that house having been unoccupied for the latter half of the season, and Rs. 8-10-0 remaining unrealised at the close of the year.

The demand for the year under report was, Rs. 20,476-2-8. Realised, Rs. 19,781-9-5. Balance outstanding, Rs. 694-9-3. This is being realised. The details are given in Form D.

Head IV, Taw on Horses, Cows, and dogs Rs. 1,512.

5. The collection of these taxes, during the year, was very satisfactory, which may be attributed to a little extra assistance having been given to the Collector. The estimate for the year was for Rs. 1,300, the collections being Rs. 1,512, or an increase of Rs. 212, and an excess of Rs. 310 over the previous year.

A short time previous to the close of the year, pounds were provided in both Upper and Lower Bazars, for stray dogs; and it was resolved that a Bye-law for dealing with these animals should shortly be submitted to Government. (This has since been done).

During the Season 71 ownerless and unclaimed dogs were taken up, and destroyed by orders of the Committee.

#### Head V, Tolls on Carts, Carriages &c. Rs 10,100.

6. The Toll-tax contract for the year was sold for Rs. 8,700, as against Rs. 8,600 of the previous year, the whole of which was realised. The outstanding balance of Rs. 1,400 from the previous year was also realised.

Head VI, Taxes specially sanctioned by the authority of the Governor-General in Council, Rs. 30,591-0-9.

	£612			. 7				4 77
7.	The	mcome	from	these	taxes	18	shown	as follows:

					1894	95.		189	5-96	•	Increa	E0.		Decrease.	
	~ (	(a) Stati	on	•••	12,229	10	1	12,461	14	10	232	4	9	124	
1.	Conservancy, {	(b) Baza	ira		5,495	1	9	5,381	14	0	•••			113 8	9
2.	Stall tax		***		47	2	0	87	8	0	40	6	0		
0	Site tax $\begin{cases} (a) & b \\ (b) & c \end{cases}$	Station, as	Rs. 3	per nere,	3201	12	9	3,172	13	11	***			118 14 1	0
, 8.	Silo tax (ii)	square y	ray n one i	mile ber	1810	2	0	1,756	б	0				53 12	ð
4.	Additional site	tax			4535	0	0	4,345	Ò	0				190 0	0
Б.	Tax on servant	te	***	ا.	3031	0	0	3,385	8	0	954	8	0	. * * *	

The increase of Rs. 232-4-9, under Station Conservancy, is attributable to the same cause as that noted against the tax on animals. The decrease under Bazar Conservancy is only comparative, and is due to realization of arrears, viz. Rs. 113-9-0 during the previous year. The same observation applies to the decreases noted under Sub-heads 3 and 4. The arrears of the former year, realized in 1894-95 being Rs. 757-5-2, and Rs. 765 respectively. The increase under "Stall Tax" is due to the completion of the new Cow Sheds. The income is, however, lower by Rs. 36-9-0 than in 1892-93, when cows were stalled in houses in the Bazars. There has been a demand for increased accommodation in the Lower Bazar, which is probably liable to fluctuate, as many of the applicants keep cows merely as a speculation. The increase under "Servants Tax" is due to the same cause as that given under "Station Conservancy".

Head VII, Rents, Rs. 4,846-7-8.

8. The Receipts under this Head are explained in the following abstract:

Sub-Reads.	-	1894-95		1895-96.	Tuckense.	Decrease.
Shops and Houses  Sarais  Station Quarries  Fishing licenses  Podlars' Stalls  Leased Land	ess of the same of	1.247 8 1.910 0 170 14 179 0 521 8	0.0.7	1,618 1 0 1810 0 0 819 2 8 174 0 0 499 0 6	295 9 0 189 4 1	100 6 0

The increase under "Shops and Houses" is due to a more than usually lively competition at the sales, whereby better terms were obtained. The decrease of Rs. 100 under "Sarais" is not a real one: it is merely that an outstanding, of this amount, from 1893-94 was realised during 1894-95. The increase under "Station Quarics" is due to an improvement, lastly

ndopted by the Committee, for collecting Royalty on stone taken from the Giwali Quarries. The decrease under "Fishing Licenses", and "Pedlars' Stalls" is only trifling, and needs no special explanation. Under "Leased Land" the increase of Rs. 426 is accounted for thus:—recovery of arrears of three years' rent, for land on fore shore of Lake, occupied by the Club boat shed. Recovery of arrears of rent on land in Lower Bazar, occupied by Forest Department as fuel godowns.

#### Head VIII, Gardens, Rs. 212-14-6.

9. An increase of Rs. 153-8-9 is thus accounted for:—the Runsi Sewage Filter-beds were cultivated, experimentally, by a small establishment, most of whom were entertained for working the Filter-beds, and for the control of the liquid sewage. Vegetable seeds, to a limited extent only, were put down, and, considering the peculiar nature of the soil, and of the water available, the result may, on the whole, be considered encouraging. The sum of Rs. 43-1-3 was realised by the sale of vegetables. A much better return from these terraces may, not unreasonably, be looked for in the future.

The gardens in the Upper Bazar were leased for Rs. 170, one half of which was realised. The amounts realised from the sale of the produce raised in the municipal garden had been steadily falling, off so that these gardens were being worked at a positive loss. The present arrangement of leasing the garden land secures, to the Committee, an income without any expenditure whatever.

#### Head X, Fines, Rs. 601-9-3.

10. An increase of Rs, 37-3-3 under the head of "Fines for muisances".

#### Head XI, Pounds, Rs. 52-0-0.

11. The total income was only Rs. 52, being a falling off Rs. 64-13-0; this is probably due to fencing the dangerous slopes of Sherkadanda ridge, and to placing the on hill-side extra Patrols, against offenders for breach of the Bye-laws.

#### Head XII, Miscellaneous.

12. (4) Paraos, only Rs. 78-15-0 were realised under this head during the year, there being a decrease of Rs. 2-11-6. This was due to the closing, to cart traffic, of the upper portion of the Tonga Road for some months, for repairs.

#### Government Land Tax, Rs. 2116-2-8.

5. A decrease of Rs. 78-5-1, on the realization of the previous year, is noted under this Sub-head. The cause is the same as that which has been assigned to decreases under Head VI, Sub-heads (3) and (4).

#### Head XIII, Extraordinary, Rs. 4433-2-5.

110000 21111, 1220 00 00 TO 0100 TY, 115. 4455-2-	<i>o</i> .		
13. (3). Refunds and Recoveries, of which these are th	o detai	ls :-	erent.
	Rs.	a.,	$\mathbf{p}_{\bullet}$
Work done for public and private individuals,		•	-
the cost of which was subsequently			
recovered	870	5	3
Recovered from coolies the value of tools lost	12	2	4
Labour supplied on construction of a drain	1		
at Butcher Khana	8.	10	0
Recovered from District Engineer, excess paid			
for remodelling one Coolie Lines block	483	15	7
Refunded to Abdul Gani excess recovered	25	0	0
from him.			
Recovered excess paid to District Superintendent Police	78	Ó	0
Recovered Imprest advanced to Muharir	150	0	0
Cheque drawn and cancelled	239	15	6
Earnest money for Meat Market lease, can-	1100	10	•
celled by Committee	166	10	9
COMMON ST. COMMON ST.	-		-
	2,034	11	5
(4) Miscellaneous Receipts, Rs. 948-7-	0, .	•	
Royalty on loads of ringals and brushwood	246	15	.0
Sale of disinfectants	229	11	6
Commission on coolies supplied	44	11	0
Sale and copying of maps	71	0	0
Sale proceeds of unserviceable tools	202	2	0
Sale of Godown materials	84		6
Fee for inspecting Office records	1.		0
Sale of conservancy buckets and pans	64		0,,
Fees under Lodging House Act	3	0	0
11 1 0 AATN 1			3 DAY .

Under Sub-head (5), Contributions from Government. Rs. 11,450, are:
(1) Rs. 450 contributed for maintenance of portion of Municipal Cart. Road, and (2) Rs. 11,000, the balance of the grant of Rs. 15,000, sanctioned in Government Order No 499, dated 15th March 1895, for improvements to the Flat, and for the diversion of the Cart Road above Malli Tal. Rs. 4,000 having been received per District Engineer in the previous year.

Total

Sale of copy of Bye-laws

0.

948

#### Expenditure.

- 14. On the Expenditure side of the year's accounts are to be noticed the following:---
- (1) Collection. Rs. 898-1-3. Under this head, Rs. 7-9-9 is less than in the previous year, and calls for no explanation.
- 15. (2) Head Office, Rs. 3604-15-11.—There is a decrease of Rs. 13-15 under this head. The reason assignable for this is the same as that given in last year's Report, viz the charging of a portion of the salary of the retiring Secretary in that year instead of in 1895-96.

#### III Public Works.

16. Supervision and fixed Establishment, Rs. 3,059-7-7. An increase of Rs. 44-6-7 is due to the temporary appointment of patrols, to prevent grazing within the prohibited area on Sherkadanda.

2. Original Works, Rs. 16,049-2-11. Under Original Works an increase of Rs. 1,729-14-5 was incurred. The following details are given:

Rs. a. p.

							,	
(1)	Regrading Flat	***				9,671	0	8
(2)	Restoring Communication	over	the	East				
. ,	Laggan landslip			•••		2,534	4	2
(3)	New Poultry Shed, Upper	Bazar		***		1,932	9	6
(4)	Patent Latrine for coolie L	ines		•••		59 <b>9</b>	9	10
(5)	Revetment wall at Edwins	towe,	dor	ie in				
, ,	previous year, but not p	aid fo	r	4.4		79	11	6
(6)	Endcliffe Drain					66	8	()
(7)	Improving and roofing over	r Rav	ensv	vood w	rell	169	()	3
(8)	Revetting road below Virg	ginia (	Cotte	rge	•	267	10	G
(9)	Planting trees on road side	and	fore	shore	of Lake	12	G	6
<b>(1</b> 0)	Purchase of black sheet iro	n gut	ters	***		408	10	0
(11)	Mali's and Sweepers' hut a	ıt Ru	ngi	•••		307	12	()
٠.	Tot	al		***		16,049	2	11
Lui								

In last year's Report it was noted that there was reason to believe that Government would refund a portion of the expenditure, incurred by the Committee in the Runsi Sewerage Filter works. This anticipation was not realised.

#### 4. Water Works Establishment, Rs. 175 \ 6-7-7.

The expenditure under this head has increased from Rs. 10,699-15-3, in the previous year, to Rs. 17,516-7-7 in the year under report, being an increase of Rs. 6,816-8-4. To account for this heavy increase it is necessary to state that the engines worked longer hours, and therefore consumed more finel than during any previous year. The line of pipes on Ayarpatta, which had been disconnected, consequent on the occurrence of the slips at East Laggan in 1893, was restored early in April 1895, thus increasing the demand for pumped water, by probably one-third, as, in addition to the private houses serve i by this line, five large public schools drew their supply from the two from tanks on it.

During the year it was found necessary to renew certain portions of the engines, and to purchase accessories, details of which are to be found in the following tabular list. These include two new pumps to replace the original ones that had broken down. The extra workshop tools were declared, by the Sanitary Engineer, to be essential to the proper maintainance and working of the machinery.

There are no statistics available regarding the daily consumption of fuel by the engines, prior to May 1894. There is, similarly, no record of the number of hours during which the pumps worked, nor of the quantity of water raised, as until December 1895, there was no means of recording the latter. During that month, a water meter was fitted on the rising main, close to the engine House. This was done under orders of the Sanitary Engineer to Government, after inspection by Mr. Cash, whose Report was given in last year's Expenditure Report.

From the first May 1894, to the 31st March 1895, the mean daily consumption of fuel was 89 maunds, on a total of 29,815 maunds, for these eleven months.

The mean daily working hours, in the same period, were 6.07. For the corresponding months in 1895-96, the mean daily consumption of fuel was 110-5 maunds, and the mean number of pumping hours, 7-06.

The meter registered, from 14th to 31st December 1895, 76,000 gallons, which were raised at a cost of 1,597 maunds of fuel. For the 31 days in January 1896, 7,60,000 gallons were raised, and 3,280 maunds of fuel were used. For 29 days in February, 1896 5,82,700 gallons were raised, and 2,790 maunds of fuel used. In March 1896, there were raised 9,66,200 gallons, and 2,790 maunds of fuel were used by the Engines.

The meter having been closed, by direction of the Sanitary Engineer (vide his report No. 187 dated the 12th March 1896, herewith appended) no regular registration of the water raised was kept. The year was an extraordinarly dry one, there being no rain, to speak of, from middle of September 1895 to begining of June, 1896, all the minor -prince throughout the Settlement randry early in the winter, thus the work the winter propping engines was excessive. It is difficult, if not imposible to check the use of pumped water for gardens.

During the year, the engines and pumping gear were inspected by Mr. Goulstone Superintendent of Cawnpore Water Works, whose report is attached. The accompanying table gives the detail of charges under Head "Water Works," and shows the increase, and decrease in the items affected:—

Pay and horse allowance of Fitter Pay of Engine driver Pay of two Stokers at Rs. 15	Ha. a. p, 1,980 0 0 360 0 0 360 0 0 251 0 0 72 0 0 360 0 0	Rs. a p. 1,380 0 0 0 360 0 0 0 243 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Rs. u. p.	Rs. a p.
Pay of Engine driver Pay of two Stokers at Rs. 15	1,380 0 0 360 0 0 360 0 0 251 0 0 72 0 0 360 0 0	1,880 0 0 360 0 0 360 0 0 243 0 0	gas trace	Tiere Tiere Tiere
Pay of Engine driver Pay of two Stokers at Rs. 15	360 0 0 251 0 0 72 0 0 360 0 0	360 0 0 243 0 0	144 1444 1444	\$44
Pay of two Stokers at Rs. 15	251 0 0 72 0 0 360 0 0	243 0 0	100	1411
The transfer of the second of	72 0 0 360 0 0	243 0 0		
Larest World Comments of the C	72 0 0 360 0 0			. 8 .0 0
Carlot Walls in the new parts	,360 O O		38 9 6	
	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	279 14 6	"array la all	87 1 6
Pay of Assistant blishy	144 () 0}-	144 0 0	***	
and Total Agents of the Assessment of the Assess	144 0 0	144 0 0		11 to 11
	5,878 10 0		4.085 14 17	**
Wood and Coal for Engine	est 1 e		21/OH 42 P	531 O
Repairing Pump and valve casag	33 1 0		201 I	38 0
Purchase of action waste	226 3 0	•••		: -
Louther hose	1 77.77 17 11	354 5 1	191.17 7 1	226 S 0
T. A. Of Mr. Wasdoll for inspecting Engine	i 126 11 0	30% (1	741 1 K	***
and boders.	000 00	}	: .	AT1 6
Purchase of galvanized weven wire	251 9 0	ا م ہ		331 0 0
Clauge (Alasses	37 15 0	7 6 9	. (	30 0
Repairing Gauge Glasses &c	b5 2 6	• • • •	***	82 3 0
Altering Pump harrels and plungers	1 <u>61 9 0</u>			141 ó 0
Oil &o for Engin	1 242 9 S	421 8 9	18։ յ <b>ջ</b> 6	100 3
Ground rout for a plot of land for water trule	10 O υ'	. }	5 m 1	. 10 0 0
on Bolyidere Estate.	i .			
Steam Oylinder		2z 13 0	22 (3 0)	
Cont motal coupling	} i	14 () U	54 O O	
Purchase of pipes	<b>.</b> .	95 8 8	95 B 3!	
stock boads	·	. 15 15 (4	15 15 0,	
Ashastos	1 1	60 u e <sup>1</sup>	50 0 0	. 10
Gas pipes		171 4 0	- 171 4 0	***
Gine stone with trough		167 8 1.01	167 8 10	\$ <b></b> . \$1
2 bly gulvanized with	! " 1	55 14 0	65 14 9i.	
" 2 bis autamisen who		33 12 0	83 12 0	
, Bookots	' " [	10 15 0		
" Pipe wrench and Hose	· ""	866 2 0	366 2 0	244 ,
" Troudlo Latho	1	140 0 0	140 0 0.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
alujeo yalves	2 10	222 0 0		••• ,
water moter	20 10 0	913 14 0		***
Pailway freight on above items	56 10 0	1700 170		
House Rond to Mr. Carr. butter	, <del>}-</del> '		2.77	·**,
Ranairing Sewage Direct Co.	. " 1			
Rings Revige fixed bay of Miller &	. ) •• • •	,,	1 17 18 1	P-9"
And their of Runsi sewage Water		50 0 9		. '17. "
Lyropase of two Fumps from Rocrkse		, 707 10 : 0	791 10.0	
The state of the s				7 400 1 0 . 4
Potal :	10,699 15 8	17,516 7 7	8.300 1 10	1.483. 9. 6

#### 5. Repairs, Rs. 12,247-2-11.

Under this Sub-head, Rs. 2,649-3-0 was spent, in excess of the previous year's expenditure. This was due to the necessity of carrying out extensive improvements to many of the Station roads. Galvanized iron wire fencing was put up on some of the more important roads, in substitution of the ineffective and persihable wooden railings. The necessity for this was noted in last year's Report. New tools, replacing those which had become unservicable, were purchased at a cost of Rs. 507-14-0. The outoffices belonging to the Municipal Cottage, were reroofed at a cost of Rs. 309. A portion of the high retaining wall at the Bank of Upper India, which had been undermined during the carrying out of the improvements to the Flat, was rebuilt during the rains, at a cost of Rs. 166-5-9.

17. IV. Police, V Education, and VI Charitable grants, Rs. 3501-6-8, 150-0-0, and Rs. 614 respectively, call for no special remarks.

#### 18. VII Conservancy, Rs. 18635-7-10.

The following comparative statement is given of the expenditure on Conservancy for the past two years:—

1894-85.	1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
C. Company of the Com			managamen a ja mang apitang mingel mangang mangang apinagan panggan mangan mangan sa ta ba u ti sa
17,905-0-5	18,635-7-10	730-7-5.	₩ <b>*</b> *

The increase arose, (1) from the employment of additional sweepers. for the removal of collections of refuse, litter &c, from the Grand Hotel, and other houses:—

... 426 7 5

Grant to the Sanitary Superintendent of Rs. 15

per month pony allowance ... 180 0 0

Jamadar Dungar Sing, increase of pay ... 60 0 0

Increase of pay to tax Collector's Assistant ... 24 0 0

Allowance for tax Collector's Muharrir ... 40 0 0

Total ... 730 7 5

VIII. Road Watering, Rs. 5-14-0.

19. Owing to occasional showers, in May 1895, the roads did not require much watering during the dry season.

#### IX. Lighting, Rs. 2017-1-0.

20. An increase of Rs. 597-15-3 was incurred under this head. Three additional lamps were put up. The street lamps were lighted, every night during the Rains, as suggested in Para 21 of your Review of the previous year's Report. The enhanced price of oil, during the year, will also account for some pertion of the increased expenditure.

### which of and only Xr Gardens, Rs. 216-13-0.

21. The expenditure on Gardens was diminished by Rs. 113-3-0 during the year, owing to reduction of the Garden Establishment towards the close of the year, consequent on the introduction of the system of leasing out the Gardens, instead of cultivating them by a paid establishment as hitherto. This Head has been fully explained under receipts.

#### XII. Miscellaneous Rs. 4546-15-10.

	Refund of excos colle			he followir	ig are th	e d	letails,	
, ,	est money for						Con-	
iractor, terms	not having b	een accep	ted by the	e Committe	e 166	10	9	
(2) Purc	hase of timber	for coffi	ns	P # 6	50	0	0.	
(3) Refu	nded to Abdu	ıl Gani o	f <b>a</b> mount	paid by hin	ı,			
th	rough mistake			***	25	0	0	
(4) Refu	ınd of expendi	ture on m	aking coff	ins and gra	ves <b>3</b> 10	1.3	3	
(5a) Refu	nd of sums p	aid for	daily labo	r by priva	te			
in	dividuals		***		4	13	6	
(b) <b>D</b> o.	from Sect. to	Govt, su	oplying g	arden pegs	25	15	3	
(a) Do. d	Irain at Wilson	nganj		***	55	9	3	
(6) Fine	refunded by o	rder of C	ourt	•••	16	0	U	
· ·	k done on Ülu			***	121	9	0	
- ·	to District En			to Secretar	int			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ies ,		<u>.</u> Ira		3620	8	10	
	rest advanced	to Muha	rrir	***	150	0	0	
, , 1							garante.	
	Total		o # %	104	4546	15	10	
4. Par	ao Chowkidar	Rs. 33-1	0-8.					
		No remar	ks necess	ary				
6. Othe	r miscellaneou			•	i	t	-	
	owing details a	•			ns •		•	r
	of coolie jema	~			249	0	0	
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was punctually paid, viz. Rs 14,960, and Rs. 1,150, or a total of Rs. 16,110.

2. Owing to unusually heavy expenditure having been incurred, on repairs to the building, furniture, and fittings of the Assembly Rooms, during the year under report, and also to the redemption of debentures.

amounting to Rs. 1,000, the funds available were insufficient to meet all demands. A loan of Rs. 903-0-11 was made by the Municipal funds, which will be recovered during the year 1896-97.

#### XIV. Contribution, Rs. 291-0-0.

24. There have been only the customary transactions under this Head, and these call for no remarks.

#### General Remarks.

- 25. By G. O. No. 2071—XI-985A dated 26th July 1895, I have been asked to state in this Report, the method adopted for disposal of dead hodies, in the Settlement, especially of those who die friendless, and of infectious diseases (cholera, smallpox and the like). Under Municipal Bye-law Chapter VI, section 1, rule 15, cremation, burial, and disposal of the dead are only permitted in special places allotted outside the water shed, i.e. places approved by Sanitary Authority. And all infectious disease hospitals are out-side the Lake basin; so that few, if any, deaths occur in the Settlement itself, from these causes.
- 26. During the year considerable alarm was created in consequence of an unfavorable report, by Experts on the stability of certain portions of Sherkadanda, or Government House hill. The nature of this report, is dealt with in G. O. No. 5 1939/NI.448B, dated 10th July 1895.

The resources of the Municipality are much strained, owing to their financial obligation to Government for loans contracted. They were only, therefore able to act within their limited resources to rectify many of the defects reported. But the Committee hold themselves fortunate in having a sympathetic Government, who came to their rescue: the most dangerous portions of the hillside, were placed under a specially selected Government Engineer, and some Rs. 90,000 of State funds were spent in rendering the hillside drainage water-tight, and secure.

Over and above this, large sums were spent by owners of private Estate, in improving houseand platform drainage, in accordance with orders formulated by Government. An attempt was made to clothe bare hillsides with growth, under Forest Departmental Agency, but this was not attended with favourable results, owing to defective climatic considerations. The large forest area under Municipal Committee was placed under their effective control.

- 27. During the year, Sanitary Commissioner's letter No. 758 dated 13th July 1895, was received, which is attached to this Report, and which gives full discription of Sanitary arrangements within the settlement, many of the suggestions therein made have been complied with, especially underhead "drainage" (3).
- 28. The year under report has been an excessively dry one, and our pumping engines have been strained to their full power. This has disclosed the fact that the engines are ridiculously weak for the purpose required. It is only owing to the efficient aid rendered to us by experts, deputed by the Sanitary Engineer to Government, that these engines have been patched up, and have thus enabled us, without breakdown, to do the necessary pumping for the Sewerage and Water Works.

The engines were purchased, at the outset, to serve only the Sewer flushing service. Their utilization, subsequently, for the high service supply The year's working, in a dry season, has system, was an after thought. demonstrated the fact that our engines and pumps are ill designed for their present service, and they use an extravagant amount of fuel (Rs. 10,000 worth); or k of our income. During the year much correspondence has gone on regarding these engines. The present point under discussion being, whether it would not be more economical, in the end, to purchase new and more efficient engines.

By pumping up water to the Upper Ayarpatta Mall (roughly, some 800 to 900 feet) much new building land would be commanded, and new building, and land sales, would reimburse the Committee for any extra capital Expenditure. Working expenses too, might fairly be met by a water rate.

- During the year, licenses were taken under the Lodging House Act (for the first time introduced), in respect of three premises.
- During the Financial year I was President of the Municipal Committee, from commencement of the year, till middle of July, and again from middle of December to the close of the year, during the interval, Mr. L. H. Turner C. S. was President.
- 31 Two new members, Colonel Wilson and Mr. G. J. Joseph, were appointed.
- Capt. P. J. Ryan was Secretary and Engineer throughout the year, and the thanks of the Committee are due to him; the roads throughout the settlement were never better looked after.
- 33. The Committee also beg to tender their thanks to Messrs Cockburn, Shaw, and Hollingbery, who rendered valuable assistance, in making periodical Sanitary inspections.

Lave the honor to be,

Your most obedient Servant,

C. H. ROBERTS

President.

The following Forms and appendices, being blank, have not been submitted.

Forms C. and E.

Appendices I. M. N. and O.

## No. $\frac{187}{N_1 \cdot 1 - 8}$ of 1896.

#### OFFICE OF SANITARY ENGINEER, N.-W. P. & OUDH.

Dated Allahabad, the 12th March 1896.

To

#### THE PRESIDENT.

#### MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE,

Naini Tal.

Sir,

WITH reference to previous correspondence ending with this office No.  $\frac{C. \ 1}{N \cdot 1 - 8}$  dated 7th ultimo, I have the honor to forward copy of a report made by Mr. Goulstone the Superintendent, on the overhauling of the Engines at Naini Tal, with the following remarks,

- (1) The steam cylinders and pistons of one of the engines are now at Cawnpore, and will be ready to be sent up in a few days. There has been delay over these due.
  - (i) To the long time taken in sending them down from Naini Tal.
  - (ii) Mr. Goulstone's illness
- (2) I would request that necessary orders be issued for the banking up of fires over night, as suggested by Mr. Goulstone in para 4, and also that the steam pressure be kept to the limit suggested.
- (3) It is hoped that the new suction pipe bend has already been secured from the Rurki workshops, with the improvements suggested as to flanges.
- 4. With regard to para 7 of Mr. Goulstone's report, I beg to request to be informed what steps have been taken about the meter, on the main.

The favor of submitting a sketch, showing the arrangement is requested.

I would be obliged if you will kindly send me a report, as soon as possible, on the above points. Time is passing, and it is necessary to have the Engines in good order by the 1st April.

The first of the first of the first of the first of the second of

I have the honor to be,

Str.

Your most obedient servant,

H. J. BOYCE, M. Ins. C.E., F.C.H.,

Sanitary Engineer to Govt. N.-W. P. and Oudh.

#### H. G. BOYCE, Esq.,

Resident Engineer, C.W. S. Works.

Cawnpore.

Dear Sir,

I beg to inform you that I have overhauled the Naini Tal Engines, and have put a new set of pump valves in each pump. The steam slide valves were correctly set. The steam cylinders have worn very much in the center of cylinder, because of the Engine when at work not travelling its full length of stroke. To remedy that I have taken the steam cylinders away from the Engine that is not at work, and they are now being despatched to our Cawnpore workshops, there I will bore them out, and fit them with a new type of Piston-Block, Piston Rings, and Piston Rods.

- 2. The Engine that is now at work I have fitted with new Piston Rings of the original type, which were in the stores at Naini Tal.
- 3. When the steam cylinders have been bored out, and fitted with new Pistons etc., and have arrived back at Naini Tal, I think it would be best for me to go again to Naini Tal and fit them up; then I should be able to judge whether it will be worth while to bore out the cylinders on the Engine that is now at work. The Engines are not powerful enough for their work, and there are no modern improvements for saving fuel on them. They will, no doubt, with care, last another year or more; but the engines will never work smooth. No doubt when the cylinders and Pistons are completed they will work equal to new.
- 4. I pointed out to the Engineer incharge that the boiler fires should be banked up during the night, and the steam should not be allowed to fall less than 25 lbs per []", by doing that, about ten maunds of fuel would be saved per day.
- 5. As the steam pipes are so near the boilers, and are only 11," in diameter, it would not be worth while to go to the expense of covering them with composition.
- 6. The Flange of the suction pipe bend, in pump well, is broken. I have taken it out, and told the engineer incharge to kindly ask Captain Ryan to send off to Roorkee for a new one, with Flanges to fit suction pipe, as the Flanges on the broken bend are too large.

7. The water meter fixed on the main, near the Engine room, causes a friction of 35 feet extra on the pumps. If the meter could be worked, once a week only, it would save a good bit of steam on the pumps.

Yours faithfully, Sd. E. E. GOULSTONE,

Superintendent.

From—Surgn.-Major S. J. Thomson, Sany. Commr., N.-W. P. & Oudh, To—Secretary to Government, N.-W. Provinces and Oudh.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit a report on the sanitary condition of the station of Naini Tal.

- 1. General description of settlement.—The settlement lies almost entirely in a basin in the hills and is situated at an average elevation of about-The centre of the hollow is occupied by an extensive lake having its exit through a deep gorge at the lower end of the settlement. The principal bazárs (Upper and Lower) are situated at either end of this lake on sloping ground, the Lower Bazár being located on the southern side of the Ballia ravine. The recreation ground occupies the level area between the lake and the Upper Bazar, and the private houses of European and other residents are distributed principally on the slopes and crests of the surrounding hills. These slopes are covered with grass, thickly wooded, and extensively traversed by natural and artificial drainage chan-The facility afforded by these conditions for concealment materially increases the difficulty of protecting the hillsides from pollution, and the soil in many parts, while permitting ready absorption, exercises little disinfeeting action upon foul matters poured upon, or buried within, it.
  - Water supply.—The water supply of the settlement is from springs and the lake. Since the introduction of the supply of spring water in pipes to standposts, that from the lake is less used The pipe water is taken The water from this spring issues from the from the Bara-Nadi spring. side of the hill into an enclosed area, from whence it is conducted into a closed reservoir. Its further distribution in pipes is effected partly by gravitation and partly by pumping. The former acts efficiently, but as regards the latter, the present pumps appear unequal to their task. matter will be better dealt with by the Sanitary Engineer. I would, however, call attention to the present imperfectly protected condition of the The enclosed area referred to is unroofed, and there is constant risk of its pollution by dust, rubbish, &c., being raised by gusts of wind from the adjacent bazar and wafted into the enclosure to the contamination of its contained water before the latter reaches the covered in re-It should be roofed in at once.

. The composition and character of the supply is said to be excellent,

At the present time the spring water is available at the standposts in the Upper Bazar from 6 to 8 a m, and again from 12 to 2 r m. This is pumped up by the engines. The gravitation supply standposts along the Mall are always open. This gravitation system also supplies the Lower Bazar from 6 a. m. to 7 r. m., the iron tank near the Mission House accumulating the water during the night. Water is not laid on to the upper portion of the hillsides and, as will be noted, the pumped up supply is generally inadequate to requirements. This question of efficient pumping arrangements is most important and, as will be seen later, lies at the root of efficient san itation in Naini Tal. The settlement is now committed to

a system of water carriage of sewage, and an ample and sufficient supply of water is therefore a prime necessity.

Quite lately, with even the present moderate demands upon it, I understand the supply from the Bara Nadi spring was insufficient for the requirements of the Lower Bazár. Such a failure would probably only occur in the hot weather, but the risk of such an event may make it desirable to consider whether it would not be better to flush the pale depôts, through a separate system of pipes, from the lake, reserving the spring water solely for drinking and culinary purposes. The question, however, is more particularly an engineering one.

3. Drainage.—Storm water and general surface drainage flows readily from the hillsides through natural and artificial channels into the lake, and from thence down the Ballia Nadi. The side drains in the Upper Bazár lead into the sewage reservoir near the thàna, and the water from these helps to dilute the contained sewage in the reservoir and facilitate its flow through the main sewer. Intercepters are provided in the course of the drains. Some of the drains are imperfectly constructed and require to be lined with a smooth surface of cement to facilitate the flow of contained matters. Repairs are necessary in places. The effluent water from the interior of houses in this bazár, as well as the rain water from the roofs, is discharged over trapped gullies communicating with the subsidiary sewers leading to the reservoir.

In the Lower Bazár such connections do not exist, the house drains opening into those on either side of the road. One of these open side drain is flushed from the lake, the others beings also to a certain extent cleansed by the flow of waste water from the standposts. They discharge into the Ballia Nadi. I wood particularly call attention to the drain leading from the Lower Bazár to the Nadi, and passing between the public latrine and the dhobis' ghât. The level of this is faulty, and it is not sufficiently large to carry off all the water during heavy rain. As a result, it overflows and tends to pollute the area upon which the dhobis spread the clothes, &c., which they are washing.

The existence of a sulphur spring at the entrance of this bazár has frequently conveyed to passers by an unjust impression as to the sanitary condition of the locality.

The condition of drains leading from the cook-houses of hotels and other large centres of population is often unsatisfactory. These drains, where open and exposed to view, are commonly clean, but the covered in portions are frequently more or less clogged with decomposing matters. They discharge in some cases into upon watercourses leading to the lake and are frequently a source of nuisance. Such drains, when underground, sheald be of earthenware and circular in section, and should discharge where possible upon trapped gullies communicating with the main sewer. It is unnecessary to add that they must be disconnected above the gully.

The state of nearly all the drains in the interior of houses in the bazars visited was very unsatisfactory, but I am unable to suggest a remedy which will not entail the co-operation of the residents, and this is hardly ever for beoming.

4. Conservancy.—It is desirable to consider the public and private conservancy arrangements of Naini Tal separately.

The budget allotment for "conservancy" is Rs. 15,000, divided into "station conservancy" Rs. 10,000, and "bazár conservancy" Rs. 5,000, total Rs. 15,000.

The conservancy staff consists of-

- 1 sanitary inspector.
- 5 sub-inspectors,
- 2 sweeper jamadárs in the two bazárs.
- 1 round sweeper jamadar.
- 1 jamadár sweeper at Government House.
- 12 round sweepers (who remove refuse from houses which have no compounds in which to bury stable litter and house sweepings.)
  - 63 sweepers employed at schools, hotels, clubs, public offices, &c.
  - 21 sweepers in Upper Bazár (including one each at Sariya Tal and Babuliya).
  - 36 sweepers in Lower Bazár (including one at Gurkha spring, one at Rámpur sarai, and three at the colic lines).
- 2 bhistis for bazárs.
- 15 road sweepers.
  - 7 sweepers at pail depôts and pits.

There are also 10 sweeper contractors for private houses, with a varying number of sweepers. Their contract is to remove all excreta from the private latrines. For this they receive six amas in every rupee paid by the occupier of the house as conservancy tax.

The pulic latrines are nine in number and are situated—one in Upper Bazar, one in Lower Bazar, one at the police station in Lower Bazar, one at the Rampur sarai, one at the Coolie line-, one at Government House, one at the Gurkha spring, one at Babuliva, and one at Sukha Tal Rifle Range. That in the Upper Bazar is of a fairly good pattern and was generally fairly clean when inspected. It is, however, desirable to have the ground of the whole area within the enclosure made impervious by a flooring of concrete covered with tar or asphalte. The latrine also should be provided with urinals, for at present people resorting to the spot urinate into the surface drains and the whole area gets polluted. This remark applies also to the other latrines. The older latrines in the Lower Bazar are of an obsolete pattern and should be replaced by irou ones as funds admit. Lusually found them well looked after. Latrine accomplation is deficient in the lower portion of the Lower Bazar, but I understand that it is intended to exact some new ones of a good pattern here at once.

There are no public urinals in the settlement, except at latrines or attached to private houses. I would recommend that six should be provided in the bazars and six acattered about hillsides, especially near culverts. The best form would be a small platform of masonry coated with tar and protected from observation by an iron screen. A pakka circular reservoir with cupshaped bottom should be constructed in the centre of the

platform, of a size to accurately fit an iron bucket. The bucket should receive the urine, which should be regularly removed, in a hand liquid sewage cart of Crowley's pattern, to the nearest pail depôt.

Filth is removed from the public latrines in closed buckets to the pail depôts. These are four in number, and are situated in the Upper Bazár, Hedingly, near the Grand Hotel, and near the old Dak Bungalow. They are flushed early in the morning and again in the middle of the day. They should be flushed again in the evening, but the position of the depôts necessitates the use of pumped up water, and there is none available at that time, the pumping apparatus being inadequate. The result is that buckets full of excreta remain stored at these depôts, or at latrines, from 1 P.M. on one day until early next morning. This most objectionable arrangement appears to be inevitable with the existing state of affairs, and renders the provision of better and more efficient pumping machinery very essential.

The depôts at the Grand Hotel, Hedingley, and the old Dak Bungalow communicate directly with the main sewer, but that in the Upper Bazár leads into a covered in and ventilated reservoir close to the thána. Into this collecting chamber the water from the public bathing ghát and the Upper Bazár drains is also conducted, and from thence the mingled contents flow into the main sewer. The capacity of this reservoir is equal to ordinary requirements, but the calibre of this main sewer leading from it appears somewhat small (9 inches), and in the event of a sudden and unusually heavy rainfall, the fifthy contents are hable to escape by an overflow pipe into the adjacent wood yard. This must be an exceptional incident, but being doubtful as to the matter, I visited the reservoir during the heavy rain of the 24th of June and found that this had actually occurred. The storm water had either flowed into the resevoir faster than the main sewer could carry it away, or the exit pipe had become ckoked with stony detritus washed in from the drains. The question is an engineering one, but it appears to me that the difficulty might be met by the insertion of more intercepters in the drains, to carry such excess of storm water to the lake instead of to the reservoir. No appreciable pollution of the lake need be feared from such an arrangement, as the intercepters would only act in the case of excessive rainfall.

After leaving the reservoir, the mingled filth and drainage flows through the main sewer by the side of the Mall to a point about a mile below the Lower Bazar on the new cart road, receiving in its course the filth from the remaining pail depôts. At this spot the sewer pipe quits the cart road and is carried over an intervening ridge and discharges itself into the Runsi gorge. From thence it is led on to filtering beds and distributed on a sewage farm of considerable acreage. The system of disposal appears to be a good one, but it is of recent adoption, and the character of the effluent water can best be judged after the rains, the malas in the vicinity of the farm being at present comparatively cupty. I do not however, anticipate any trouble in this direction, provided that the ground be kept cons-

cropped with rapidly growing and exhausting crops. I would suggest the planting of plantains, as if these can be induced to grow, they exhaust the land very rapidly, and are thus very efficient soil purifiers. They should be cut down and replanted after fruiting. Care should be taken, in distributing sewage, not to lay the carriers too near the edge of the nalas, as a broad belt of unpolluted soil should be left between the nala and the irrigated area.

Attention may be directed to the better ventilation of the sewers, especially as regards the upper portion of the system, to which the light sewer gas has a tendency to ascend. Traps are always untrustworthy, and in this country are particuliarly liable to become unsealed.

The effluvia from the ventilating shaft of the sewage reservoir are very offensive, and, in view of the proximity of the bazár, it is desirable to pass the escaping gases over charcoal trays, as advocated by Baldwin Latham, if the same can be effected at reasonable cost.

The general rubbish of the bazars is removed daily by contractors in two unsuitable country carts, which may be well replaced by several lighter and more efficient ones constructed of iron sheeting, such as are generally used in the larger towns of the provinces. Carts of similar pattern should also regularly remove the rubbish, kitchen refuse, &c., from the hotels, club, and other larger dwellings near the principal thoroughfare. The rubbish after collection is partly employed in the municipal garden in the Upper Bazar, but most of it is shot down the "khud" at spots near the slaughter house, and also on the new cart road. Neither locality is well selected, and that by the slaughter house should be abandoned at once, as the strong smell from the decaying refuse is almost sure to taint the carcasses.

The stable refuse of the pony sarai in the Upper Bazar is burnt in an incinerator on the spot. This incinerator is of very imperfect construction and, although apparently capable of dealing with the litter of this sarai, might very well be reconstructed on a modern pattern, and rendered capable of destroying a good deal more refuse than it does now.

The system of conservancy adopted for private houses in Naini Tal is for the sweepers to call at the various latrines and remove the filth, &c., The removal is effected through contractors, who employ their own men and are appointed to certain areas. They receive 6 annas in every rupee levied on the residents as conservancy tax. Patrols are appointed to each sanitary area to see that the work is properly done. This is the system which has existed for some years, but I am of opinion that it would be preferable for the municipality to employ its own men, as a far better hold would be maintained on the staff. At the present time I am informed that if a house be unoccupied, the latrine is probably still used, but the contractor receiving no pay for the saine, takes no steps to remove the filth, and the result is a serious nuisance. It is the duty of the patrols to prevent such an occurrence, but it is likely that the watchers require watching. It is true, that the sweepers would be only required for a portion of the year, but I understand that there is no difficulty in employing such men by the month, and that indeed this is what is now done by the contractors.

In that portion of the settlement which is within reach of the pail depôts, the pails which receive the filth at the latrines are taken to these The filth from the latrines spots, which are flushed at appointed times. not served by such depôts is carried away to certain pit, on Sher-ka-danda, Ayarpata, near Babuliya, and at Giwalikhet, outside the watershed and is One in the Ballia ravine is also occasionally used. here trenched. private latrines are of various patterns, but are very generally of a more or less permanent character, unventilated, of bad design, and situated on Some houses have their own latrines; others are comfilth-sodden soil They are seldom really clean, and I suspect that mon to several houses. only the solid matters are regularly removed: the liquid portions being thrown on the ground in the vicinity or into a convenient ravine. I would suggest that, if possible, the settlement be redivided up into sanitary blocks consisting of some half dozen houses, and that for each of such blocks two iron latrines, one for men and one for women, be provided. should be after Horbury's design, but several excellent ones are now in the It is important that they be erected on a platform on concrete protected by a layer of tar; urine rapidly destroys concrete itself the resident prefers to retain an existing latrine, it should only be permitted if the same is found to be suitable and clean, and for the future only iron ones of the pattern suggested should be allowed. A urinal of the form already described in this report should also be constructed at the latrine. Although arrangements exist for the removal of general rubbish, stable litter, garbage, &c., from certain larger houses and institutions, and such matters are also removed from compounds of private houses on requisition. still it cannot be said that there is any organized system of removal of such matters from the majority of private houses in the settlement. usually pitted, trenched, or burnt, in the compound, or thrown out on an unoccupied area, or into a ravine. I have lately had to call attention to some very large and offensive collections of the kind. The question is not. so simple as it might appear, inasmuch as this refuse has a definite value as manure, and certain householders naturally desire to use it in their gardens. Probably the stable litter by itself might be kept temporarily in excavations without evil result if trenched within a reasonable time, but the rule is for all sorts of refuse, such as rotting vegetables, cook-house sweepings, bones, &c., &., to be thrown on the same heap, and a very offensive accumulation is the result. I am of opinion that every house should have, in a corner of the compound, a metal dust bin, provided with a lid to keep out the rain and prevent soakage, and that all refuse matters other than stable refuse should be deposited in such receptacles and removed twice a week by the These dust bins need be of little cost and should be constructed of galvanized zinc sheeting and have impervious floors. It would be reasonable to expect house owners to creet these at their own expense, and for residents to see that they were properly utilized.

Stable litter should only be permitted to remain where facilities exist for its rapid employment. For instance, it is believed that gardens are not permitted in certain parts of the settlement. For such localities I would suggest the construction of incinerators in which general rubbish could be burnt, and the necessity of carriage to a distance be thereby avoided.

5. Surface cleanliness, trades, occupations, &c.—Cows and ponies are housed in "gausalas" in the Upper and Lower Bazárs, and these buildings were generally fairly clean when visited. The litter from the one in the Upper Bazár is being pitted in the garden attached to the building. In such soil a large collection of such matters will take a very long time to become innocuous (as is evidenced by the section of a collection recently opened there), and it would be better to deposit the stable and other refuse in long trenches about 18 inches deep. This would permit of the ground being regularly cropped—a proceeding which at present does not receive sufficient attention here.

Fowls and ducks are not allowed to be kept in houses, and a range of pens is being constructed in the Upper Bazár for their reception. The proximity of the structure to habitations will necessitate constant care as to cleanliness.

The meat market is a good building in the Lower Bazár. Doors and windows are provided with wire netting, the mesh of which might have been larger, as ventilation is somewhat impeded, and flies decline to pass through quite a large mesh. The constant ingress and exit of people results in the doors being constantly open, and it would have been better to have had a porch to permit of double doors, on springs, being provided. There are two slaughter houses, close the edge of the ravine at the lower end of the Lower Bazár. Carcasses are skinned on the floors; it would be better if the butchers could be induced to use hooks in the beams, as the floor is always necessarily dirty. I have already pointed out the necessity of not shooting refuse in the immediate vicinity of the buildings.

Bathing is carried on in the nala near the bund, and a good bathing platform exists near the thana in the Upper Bazár. The effluent water from this is conducted into the sewage reservoir through a trapped pipe.

The graveyards are now situated near Babuliya on the Kaladhungi road; the Mission cemetery has been closed. There is no special spot appointed for burning corpses, but this is all done well outside the settlement:

The dhobis' ghát in the Lower Bazár is not well situated, being just below a public latrine, and, moreover, some of the drainage of the bazár is liable to flow over and pollute the area opon which the clothes are washed and spread. A drain leads between the latrine and this area, but its level is faulty and permits of overflow below. If, as is probably the case, this site must be retained, I would recommend that a good deep pakka drain, with its upper end closed and the lower one terminating in the nala, be constructed all round the employed area, to prevent surface washings and drainage polluting the soil, and that the dhobis be strictly required to only wash and spread the clothes within the area enclosed by such drain. The bed of the nala immediately in front of the ghát might also be levelled and paved to prevent dirty water accumulating in holes when the flow in the nadi is scanty. The jungle in the vicinity of the ghát, and also in the bed of the nala above and below it, should, as far as possible, he kept out, as such localities are freely resorted to for purposes of nature.

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Clothes are also largely washed at a small lake, known as Sariya Tal, on the Kaladhungi road. The stagnant water in this is polluted and offensive. The lower end of the like is provided with an escape channel and sluice gate. I understand that in former times it was customary to annually empty the lake by allowing the contents to escape down the nala. I would suggest that this practice be continued, and that advantage be taken of the Tal being dry to clean the same by scraping off and removing the superficial soil from the bed and banks. The wall on one side of the escape channel should be repaired, and the bottom levelled.

There is a sarai here which is largely frequented. A sweeper is appointed, but there is no latrine. One should be erected, as otherwise the hill-side is polluted and the drainage from this flows into the Tal.

Overcrowding no doubt exists in the bazárs, and the matter is about to be dealt with by legislation.

In the foregoing report (which embodies the observations made during the last two months) I have endeavoured to point out the directions in which sanitary improvement in Naini Tal can be effected. The question is very far from being neglected, and suggestions which I have from time to time made to the district officials have always received attention.

FROM

THE DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT VACCINATION,
NAINI TAL.

To

THE SECRETARY,

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE,

Naini Tal,

Dated Naini Tal, the 26th May 1896.

Sir,

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith the Annual Report on Vaccination in the Naini Tal Municipality for the season ending 15th April 1896.

The total number of cases vaccinated is 788, out of which 305 were of primary vaccination. In the Naini Tal Municipality 122 cases were also vaccinated by calf lymph. The Registers I and II are properly kept by the Vaccinators. The supply of lymph was sufficient, and judging by the cases seen the quality was on the whole good. The vaccination was done from arm to arm and no depot for calf lymph was maintained.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant.

C. A. FARMER.

For District Superintendent Vaccination.

Beceipta		Actual income	Year under report.	r report.				Year under report.	report.	Percentage of
		of previous	Estimated	Actual income,	Print (	Expenditure.	expenditure of previous	Estimated expendi- ture-	Actual Expendi- twe	penditure of each major head on total
		GI	40	4		1	2	ec.	71	5
	1	B3, 5, p.	RS, 3, D	R3, 9, p.						
The Contract of the Contract o	T Avidated of front uni			*	in the property of the propert	1. Ustroi tax 2. Tax on houses, buildings	•	¢	Ş	
TO THE PARTY OF TH	drink for men or					and lands and and	240 0 0	240 O O	0.022	*********
II.—An	animals. Animals for	6,769 0 0	0 0 000'\$	5,917 0 0		trades		*	;	
111	Slaughter.			A 1	I-Collection,	horses	:	***	:	-
L. Ostroi   We	washing.				-	<ol> <li>Tolls on carts and car- riages &amp;c.</li> </ol>	0 9	12 0 0	12 0 0	-
J. W. Buil	Building material					Special taxes	58	0	=	
MS 2			1		new states	7. Rents	•	:	ì	
	acco		in maryon			Uniform for Kanger Patrols	71 11 0	40 0 0	1	
WITT WAT	Motala	1	·		ر			0		88.
Ĺ			- {		1 II Head Office	S. Office	८३`	2,784 0 0	2,751 11 12	
Total of I		1,709 0 0		ο¦	) ***	•	502 10	3 584 0	+ 1=	3.75
II. The on Houses, Buildings	S a Statien	16,376, 1 3,400, 1 0,000, 1 0,	4.600 0 0	4.581 8 0	س	1. Supervision and fred	#1 010'e	,		
ann Takno.	-					Establishments	3,015	3,030 0	3,059 7 7	
Total of II	of H	20,947 8 3	18,250 0 0	9 01 690'65	THE DESTRICT	2. Original Works	14,319 4	n ₹00 <b>,</b> 61	71	
	trade	0 0 705	0 0 0001			count	27,200 1 4	•	ê	
IV. I'm on carriages, (a) norse to constitution of (b) Dogs	b) Dogs	1		0	0	4, Water Works Establish ment	10,639	7,600 0 0	17,516 7 7	
With the second	# A	1 909 1	1300 0	1.512 0 0		5. Repairs	9,597 15	8,000 0	Ci /	

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3,600 0 0 190 0 0 475 0 0 100 0 0	11,000 0 0 0 4,400 0 0 0 15,400 0 0 0 15,400 0 0 0 15,400 0 0 0 15,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	300 0 0 10 0 0 40 0 0 1,000 0 0
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lon Dispensary and medical clarges.  1. Dispensary and medical clarges.  2. Vaccination  1. 3. Asylum  1. Patients diet and pay of Chankidar.	Totalof VI  (a) Station, (b) Bazar  Total of VII	1. Public gard 2. Mursery 3. Farms Total 1. Collection 2. Police 3. Conservance 4. Miscellanco	Fotal of XI Rsfund of excess collectic Cattle pound charges of bonded war houses Parso Chaukidars Statistics and mortuar registration Other Miscellaneous item Total of XII
1 14 10.IV.—Police 1 14 0, V.—Education 7 8 0 2 13 11 VI —Charita- 5 6 0 ble Grant.	1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12 20
10 0 12,461 0 0 6,381 0 0 3,172 0 0 1,756	000 000	0 0 0 499 0 0 0 499 0 0 0 4846 0 0 0 0 213 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 6 6
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12,229 5,495 47 47 3,291 1,810	4,535 3,439 30,439 1,317 1,910 179 1	17.5 52.1 7.5 7.5 6.6 6.6 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7
1 Couserran (b) Station 2. Stall Flux (b) Baran 3. Site Tax (c) Baran anna b squ Tarh	or 20 per site  Tax ou serverts  Foral of VI  Noral lands  shops and lunses,  Sarnis moreovers	ಚರಣೆಗಳ ವರ್ಷ	re of fir whell ware build tax is
VE-T'a x es grally sautioning. by sautioning, of the Governor General.	in the second		XI.—Populs  Tr.—Miscol.

FORM A.

MUNICIPALITY OF NAINI TAL (POPULATION 12,408.)

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of Municipal Funds for the year 1895.96.

		Year under report.	er report.			Year under report.	r report.	Percentage of
Receipta	of previous year.	Estimated income	Actual income.	Expenditure.	expenditure of previous year,	Estimated expendi- ture-	Actual Expendi-	actual ex- penditure of each major head on total expenditure.
	2	3	4	1	c3	3	4	res
	Rs. 9. p.	Rs, a, p,	Rs. a. p.					,
1. Sales of houses, and lands,	سے بہت			<u> </u>	13,790 2 2	16.300 0 0	ט טונטנ	
All. Extra 3. Refunds and recoveries.		300 0	2,034 11 5	XIII —Extra- 2 Loau to Assembly Rooms, ordinary. 3 Purchase of Government			903 0 11	
110	TE- 4,450 0 0	11,450 0 0	948 7 0 11,450 0 0	Notes.	c	•	:	
The month		,		lands,	0 002	:	:	
				Total of XIII	13,990 2 2	16,200 0 0	17,013 0 11	16.71
Total XIII	38,797 15 2	12,750 0 0	14,433 2 5	XIV.—Contri- (	:	:		
Total, Annual Income	1,10,521 1 7	76,250 0 0	92,530 14 9		291 0 0	291 0 0	291 0 0	
B dlance of last year	14,362 19 5,	15,724 12 11	15,724 12 11	Total Expenditure	291 0 0	76.250 0 0	291 0 0	
Total, Gross Income	1,24,833 14 0	91,974 12 11	1,08,255 11 8	Balance at close of year Grand Total	1,24,883 14 0		6,482 13 10	100
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH					-			

C. H. ROBERTS,

President.

I CERTIFY that the closing balance on the 31st March 1896 of the Naini Tal Municipality was Rs. 6,669-11-7 (six thousand six hundred and sixty nine, annas cleven and pies seven only.)

H. SHAW,

Treasury Officer.

Naini Tal Treasury: Daied 3rd July 1896.

N.B.—Cheque No. 380 for Rs. 186-13-9 was not cashed during March 1896.

Balance as per Treasury Cortificate ... Rs. 6,669 11 7
Loan to Assembly Rooms ... ... , 903 0 11

Total ... , 7,572 12 6

MUNICIPALITY OF NAINI TAL.

Form B. Statement of expenditure from Municipal Funds on Original Works during the year 1895-96.

	Total estimated Amount expend. Amount allotted Amount expended ed in previous for the year of ed during the year.	Es. a. p.	11. 7 5,757 9,671	7,747 2,534	1,929	d q	G W O	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G		O U II	5 G	****	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	670'91 702'81 2 11 19
තෙ	Total estimated cost.	m Rs,	16,567	7,747	<b>2</b> 15	* 0 %	in S		***	11 8		,	4 () 8	24,314
	Nature of Work.		Regrading the Flat and new cart road above	Main 1al. Restoring communication over the East Lag-	gan fandslip. New Poultry shed Upper Bazar	Patent Latrine for Cooly Lines	Revetment Wall at Edwinstowe done in pre-	vious year but not paid tok.	improving and roofing over Ravenswood Well	Revetting road below Virginia Cottage	Planting trees on road side	Purchase of black sheet iron gutters	Malis and sweeper Hut at Bunsi	Total

C. H. ROBERTS,

Presing 3763

29 ) (

Statement showing the collections on account of house tax during 1895-96.

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	و المار		-sad s	Jo qu	lo da -or lu		Balance rem demard	Balance remaining due on demand ander columns	secount of	96-96	Incidenc	Incidence for assessed house.	house.
Rumber of houses in the fown.		Number of houses assessed.	Domina on accour	no noiteoflot) Helianne ann necou	Demend on uncou	.bołoglo SunomA.	For Provio year (11).	For energit year (b).	Total (c),	Total eolloctions of 18 (columns 4 knd 6,	d eximum,	Kinmur.	Mean,
	, inches	1-	33. a. p	Rs. s. p.	Es. g. p.	B4. a. p.	В. в. р.	Bs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a, p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. 8. p. F	Bs. a.
Decree	,	171	2,246 10 7	2,199 0 7 89 0 6	15844-15 H	15,289 1 11 4,493 7 6	50 10 0 8 10 0	555 14 0 3138 11 3	606 8 0	17,483 2 6 4,581 8 0	405 0 0 160 6 6	0 71	68 1± 27, 1
in in the fact of				297 8 11 68 14 0 390 0 0	3,020 14 0 1,715 0 9 4,180 0 0	2,875 5 0 1,687 8 0	දුර් ආ - හැන	145 9 0 27 8 9 225 0 0	175 1 3 30 14 6 225 0 0	3,179 13 11 1,756 6 0 4,345 0 0	: : :	111	: •
Total		2 :	3,354 10 n	14 1	2,014 13 8 31,405 15 1	1,917 12 80,917 3	19 10 9 *111.19 8	<b>-</b> ∫ 23	F   60	33,460 1		: :	. :
* Note of outstanding from previous year. Colomin (%) Owning to tends! teach being remitted on Petersfields on sessum: The another questoring from previous year against bazer viz. Bs. 8-16-0 and Magnetic stall outstanding spaints the name on Mr. Havrey 83, 59-82, and 19.	ous year.   take being   take the man	remitted on Peters are against bazze viz 12-0: Mr. Hatvey R	felds on secount. Bs. S-10-0 and 19.	of the heuse b Rs. 3-5.9 havi	cof the beuse being not occupied during 2nd half of 1894-95 18.9 2-5.9 having been recovered during 1896-97	pied during 2nd	d half of 1894 96-97		1 1	<b>i</b> ;	50 11	10 0 15 9	
	·: :		*	-	,	i	1		i	i (	;   ;		

C. H. ROBERTS, President.

FORM F. Statement showing the Income of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March, ISSI.

s 1	í	,	, ,	( 30	)	
		;		Total	5917 0	
			[p]	Therais].		
				Class VII.	<u> </u>	
CARCILLIAN DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	id Taxes.		© Jacob	Class VI. [Tobacco].		The second secon
ia	Municipal Rates and Taxes.	Oetrai (a)	12	Clas V. [Drugs, gurs and spices].	7	
	Munici		[4]	Class IV. [Bailding materials].		
			[o]	Class III. Fuel, light- ing and wasking].	© 0 0	,
			[6]	Class II. [4 nimals fo: slaughter].	0 0	- Marchine
			[a]	of Coass I.  Latitudes of Class II. Class III. Class III. Cod or Latitude for Slaughterly ing and men or men or animals!		-
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en.			Name of	Mry.	Naini Tal	
2			Serial num-	niopality.		
		And		Thirty or Transfer	Najnž Tel	The state of the s

,	i			Torus.	noinal Bares	Municipal Bares and Taxes (concluded).	equoluded).							₹Realzati	Realizations under special Acts.	special Act	10	
					Landada (Santa)	ve in very series of the very se	Other taxes tax, pilgri	Other taxes (to be spended in ditail, e. g., sariands tax, piligina tax, &c., in as meny columns as may be necessary).	dended in Catall, 9. ( c., in as meny colum be necessory).	g, səriands ins as may	y = 2 -	<u> </u>		From	From othi specified many colt	From other cources (to be specified in defaul in as many columns as may be necessary).	(ro be a y	i
Tax on gonges and lands (b).	Tax on animals and relitives(c) t	Tax on profer sions and trades (d).	Tolla on rosds and ferries (0).	Waterman	Lighting rate (g).	(frelading starting rad larrine rakes) (b).	(i) Stall fax.	(j) Site tax	(E) Additional sive tax.	(I) Servant tax.	Total	(a)	Hachny- cerriages (b),	for the sale of spirits and drugs (c).	€	<b>©</b>	(±)	To ai
132	0.0.210	40	10,190 0 0			17,848 12 10	85	4929 3 1I	4345 0 0	3885 3885 8 0	66,388 13 11 52	1.52 .0 0		: "	¥		n valadingstands district days to propaga applied for spatial days about The state of the state	53 0
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		al agranda de la companya de la comp			*									-			(A) (S) All the second sections of the second section of the section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the sectio	

FORM F.

Statement showing the Income of the Naim Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March, 189 - (continued.)

Rents of Salo n' reads Converancy Brus, bouses, of two and recognitions, burgators, burg	Hans and						•	T 7 T 7					
(operation of the control of the con		Fees and	Fees and		Other fees detail in as may b	Other fees (to be spendled in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).				Interest of investments.			
	from-Edcua, funda Insti- tutions Insti- tutions (d).	August ann	Hevenne I from markets sud sinngh- ten-houses (f.)	Revenue Fees end from markete, Revonue from sand sinagh. Trenwaye [g] ter-houses (f)	(E)	(1)	6	Fines under Muricipal and other Act: (k),	For General purposes (1)	For Educational purposes (m).	For Medical purposes (n).	Premium on Jouns (o).	Total
212 14 6 205 8 6			0 6 1181		i		. i.a	601 9 3		· :	:	;	6934 6 11
deringer and happy spec			1			المناوات ويوملون بالأفت الكانوراويولود	ु प्रमातकारमा स्थापिती को स्थित है जिसके स्थापित है जिसके है है						
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4			<del></del>	1,84 (M) 164 (M) 164 (M) 164 (M) 164 (M)	and the second second		, <del>(p) siljede vil sij. 12. 13.</del>		er washing bid.		of Brightson Additionally		

Statement showing the Income of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March, 189 - (continued.)

March, 189 — (continued.)	63	Effscollaneous,		Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals [a].		1566 11 11 653 14 6 2220		a	emmerikan progression y mener <b>J</b> erdan.	And the state of t
FORM F. Statement showing the Income of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March, 189				Total, remder indition	Selection control of mary coloring date	11,450 0 0 1256	A Mayo 2 page (manuse page manuse page	manging (giracinatina)	sermatorio paleri in 11. accisorani	**************************************
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FORM F. Municipality di		(ва)	From other sources.	For Educational purposes			,	-		
aini Tal	. I -wry	special purpos	Ī	For General purposes.		<b>.</b>		- 11		
e of the N	æ	)r general and		For Medical purposes.				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 2 mg fres
the Incom		Grants and contributions (for general and special purposes).	From Loost Frads.	For Educational purposes,			And the second s			5 tu
nt showing		Grants and co	Ero	For General purposes.		1 ,		tage whitespace and from		
Stateme	*			For Bedfoul purposps,				4		
			From Covernment.	For Educational purposes.		* *************************************				+
			From	Box Cepteral purposes.		11,556 0 g	Anne Property of the Control of the			

FORM F.

FORM F. Statement showing the Income of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March, 189 -(continued.)

	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	<b>1</b> c	OF.		:			11	12	13	14	analistasi va
			Extraordinary and Debt.	y and Debt.								English adirəksiyə sül sərə
	Loans (h).	(0).	Hamilton of	Advances (	es (d).	***************************************	·		i.	P	,	
Sale proteeds of Government Government and withdeswals from Servings Fank (s).	From Government.	Raned in the market from private individuals.	Bealizations of Shiking Fund for repsyment of lonis (c).	Permanent,	Other	Deposits (e).	Total.	Total income of year excluding opening balance.	Total income of year including opening balance.	Incidence of taxmore (total of group 5) per beat of population,	broteance of income (column (11) per head of population	Remarks.
£2.		3		150 0 0	0 0	. 238 15 8	467 15 6	92,530 14 9	1,03,255 11 8	in.	0 0 95.1	
										e and the second		and a state of the

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C. H. ROBERTS, President,

FORM F (1.)

Statement showing the constitution of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March 1896,

Statement showing the constitution of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March 1896,	4	Number of Members of Committee.	(4) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) Romarks	Ex-officio. Nominated. Elected, Total. officials. Non-officials. Europeans. Natives.	65	3 9 3	C. H. ROBERTS,
owing the con-	φà		Population within Munici- pal limits.		12,408		
Statement sh	Ċί		Act under which consti- fated.		Act XV of 1873.		
	1-4		Name of Districe		Nain Tal	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	

C. H. ROBERTS, President.

FORM G.

"Statement shound the Expenditure of the Nain' Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March, 1896.

ſ	1		
		Total,	2555 0 11
		Rewards for destruc- tion of wild animals and snakes (d).	1 13
ಸಾ	Public safety,	Police (establish- ment, purchasa fa outclothing, in lanterns, ax &c. repairs at to coutposts, &c.) (c),	3510 L5 11
	P4	Lighting (estublishment, purchase of lamps, oul, repairs &c.) (b).	2017 1 0
		Erre (establishment, purchase of five engines, buckets, reparts &c.,(s).	, :
*,		Total.	9±57 0 0
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Pensions and grannifes (f).	0 0 00
	General administration and collection charge.	Befund (e).	43961510 100 0 0
च।	and coll	Survey of land (d).	436 15 0
-	dministratio		÷
<u> </u>	General s	General administration (axes including Collection (a) (office bonded water of tolls on establishment, houses (establish roads and inspection ment, purchase ferries (c). Magistrate's and paper, money establish.  ment &c.) (s) outposts, &c.) (b)	8 11 88 88
	-	General ad- (a) (office ad- (b) (office ad- (cstablishment, b) (cstablishment, b) (cstablishment, cstablish- (cstablish- ment &c.) (s)	3604 15 11
 <b>50</b>		Name of Memici- pality.	Msini Tud
8		Serial number of Municipality	
1 -	•	Name of districts	Name 2a
	,		

FORM G.

Statement showing the Expenditure of the Nain' Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March 1896-continued.

φ

, , ,	, agram		,		- '	Pub	Public health and convenience.	and conve	nience.							
Water-supply.	npply.	Draininge.	inge.	Conservance	-		Misrkefs			Arboricul-	Begistra-		Public Works (k) (1)	rks (k) (1)		
Capitel outing (s) (A),	Bisablistment, regairs, &c. [a]	Capital outlay (5) (1)	C-mblab. m.m. reprir. &c. (b) (2).	(meluding read eleming and watering) and lattines, (3).	Hospitals and dis- pensaries (d).	Vaccina- tion (e).	and slaughter- houses (f).	Poun (g)	Dak bungalow and suraii (h).	ds bungelovs from tion of bungelovs in gardens brings and experient birties and mid experient (i) mental (i) mid from (i) tion (i).	tion of births and deaths (j)	Establishment (2).	Buldings (3).	Roads.	Stores (±),	Total.
14. 14.	11656 1.10		1206 19 3	19487 12-8	· 109	6139 0 0 15	15 7 0		29 49	266 13 0		L L 6696	9707 9 6	1971 14 6	21971 14 6 1429 6 9	68508
									**************************************		*		······································			
				(1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4		1 4 1				The state of the s						
And the second s		, i.	-					-	garage of the ga							
	and the second s		-		in the second		- The specimens	,t	1				<del></del>	N.		
	8.1	- 1 - 1	and the			r			<b></b>				-		<b></b>	

(1) It must be clearly understand that under these heads only such general charges are to be shown as cannot be properly shown under any of the other heads. Wherever establishment is employed, or works are constructed, for a particular purpose only, the charge should be shown under the head to which that purpose belongs, and not under these heads. (2) If the Public Worls Beteklishment he employed partly upon works connected with any of the other heads, the share of the charges debitable to those heads should be shown

under the second with the conquery of process of the conquery of the condition of the cher heads.

The condition of the condition of the cher heads of the condition of the cher heads of the chert heads of the c

FORM G.

Statement showing the Expenditure of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March 1893—continued.

	1			,
			Total.	11,928 15 10
		letails in as many sary) (d).	Other items.	C ST
		Other items (to be specified in details in as many columns as may be necessary) (d).	Provident fund	\$0 \$0 \$0
6	Miscellaneous,	Other iten	Time gun charges.	60 60 60
	P	Actual cost of	works gone for private individuals (c).	' \$
			Discount (b).	
		Interest on Loans (a).	Interest due Interest dus on account of previous of current years.	10963 13 1
,			Interest on Loans (	Interest due on account of previous years.
OK)	Contribu-	Œ	For general parposes.	
-			Total.	
· .	Pablic Instruction		Lithraries, Museums, Manageries, &c. (c).	3
1	Pablic	~	Contribu- tions (b).	0 0 163
			Solucis and Calinges (a).	O O

FORM G.

Statement showing the Expenditure of the Naini Tal Municipality during the year ending 31st March 1896-continued.

				93	-		ĮF.	11	12		
				Extraordinary and Debt.	y and Debt.	,	•				
THE CHANGE	Investments (a).	J-50-E 8	LTF OF 1 TH	Advances (d).	13 (d).		र १९ कुल व	<del>Une prichlands</del>	- 1 -		
In securities (other than for emains funds).	In Shrings Bank,	Parmenta Eo Smking Fund (b)	Repayment of, Loans (C)	Permanent	Other	Deposits (e)	Total.	Closing balance.	Grand Total,	Bemarka,	
		-		,			,			Memorandum of Liabilities and Claims.	-
	il	5146 2 11		150 0 0	908 0 II	-	6199 \$ 10	6482 13 10	108255 11 3	Labilittes— Balance of Loans	2,75,368 5 0
	14 -, 14 -,	·	وا در ا		, 3		ı			Less balance of sinking Funds Net balance of Loans	5146 2 11 2,76,222 2 1
					, 1	,			,	Total	2,70,223 2 1
Mark 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		- } = 4	1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				,	Claims—	
Jeri High Aligher Jeri	(2) (2)		1 1							Taxes recoverable	*1250 11
			led you do					, '		Net amount of Debt	2,68,971 3 4
		1									
5 1				*B.	*Rental and site tex	56X					

\*Remthl and sice tax

Bazas.

Bazas.

Suntion

Sunton

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Bazar

Total

1250 14 9

C. H. ROBERTS

President,

C. H. ROBERTS,

President

NAINI TAL MUNICIPALITY,

APPENDIX G.—Memorandum of Liabilities and Olaims, 31st March, 1896.

7			i i						
,	-	Editoria.	nc3.				Claims,		
Balance of Igans,	Los e amount made ovar to siv <del>èri</del> g fund,	Net balanca of Jozna,	Deposits,	Outsranding hills and other debts,	Potal Habilities.	Atronces receretable,	Arrears of collection (less arrange), invocernable),	Total claims.	Mes debt or resta
A 44.535	.cs	336030 12 0	Ē		2.39,090 12 0	2	12550 125 9	1250 11 9 .	65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 6
الله المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة الم					mater and a second a	,			managaman walkan sayama e sanaya
The Country of the Co					and and an exemption of the exemption of		The Trans. And the second supplementary of the separate second se		

MAINI TAL MUNICIPALITY.

APPENDIX H.—Grants made during 1895-96 from Provincial or Local France.

dinom's	Pupose for which the grave was first of orders.
<b>A</b>	
0 0 00	Mainformance of Intra Municipal portion of B. and N. Cart road, vide &, O. No. S1.472.79 dated 29nd September, 1803.
O D STATE OF	In fait payment of grant made by Government of Re, 15,000 for miscellaneous publir improvements, ride G, O Flo, 1991 W. A. Arrif Sten Mirch, 1995,
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751	

# APPENDIX J.

Statement showing the mode of Conservancy in the Naini Tal Municipality during the year 1895-96.

Name of Municipality.	Mode of Conservancy.	Strength of scavengering establishment in men, cattle and plant.	Cost.
Naini Tal.	The Settlement is sub-divided into four circles.  An European Santary Superintendent, with four Native Sub-Inspectors, and an efficient staff of swpoers, has control of the entire Conservancy arrangements. The Bazars are worked under the same supervision, but by a separate staff of sweepers. Those men clean the Bazars, and remove the fifth to the pail depots on the main sewer line.  The roads and drains are cleaned by a staff of road sweepers.  The Conservancy of houses outside the Bazars is carried out by sweeper Contractors, who make their own arrangements for the removal of night soil, and for keeping the latrines belonging to private houses clean, under the supervision of the Sanitary Superintendent, and sub-Inspectors of circles. All night soil frem public and private latrines is removed in air-tight pails. That from Bazars, and houses within a prescribed area is taken to pail-depots, and pits specially dug for the water-shod of the dids are trenched on the several estates, as it is not possible to carry them away, in the same way, and to the same places as is done with the	4 Native Sub-Inspectors.  1 Bazar Jamadar.  4 Sweeper Jamadars.  9 Contractors.  161 Special sweepers.	Rs. a. p. 18,635 7 10
The second secon	the same places as is done with the solids.  The refuse of Upper Bazar is carted down the Cart road, for over a mile, and thrown down a ravine, at a cost of about Rs 60 per month. The dry litter is burnt in a kiln. The refuse from the Lower Bazar is thrown over the cliff face, into the bed of the Bulla Ravine. The refuse and litter on private states, except the Hotels, and a few houses and shops on the Mall, are trenched or burnt. Those from the latter are carted to the same place as the Upper Bazar rubbish, and treated in a similar manner.		

# APPENDIX K.

Statement showing the expenditure from Municipal funds on schools managed or aided by the Municipality during 1895-96.

Class of School.  Class of Sch			Scho A	ols me Lunci	nnge	ed by			Scho M	ola ni unici	palit.	by 1•			,	Ot	her S	eliool	۹.
Secondary education,  For Boys  Secondary education,  For Boys  High Schools, English  Muldle a, M. B. M. School  High Schools, English  Muldle n  Normentar  Tetal Secondary Education,  For Girls  Upper Prinary Schools  Lower  Total Prinary Schools  Lower  Total Prinary Schools  Lower  Total Prinary Schools  Total Schools	Class of School.	Num	ber.	ol pur on rolls tho c of	inils the int lose the	Rxpe	rom ici-	Num		of pu on rolls the c of	ipils the nt dose the	turi l mur	rom w-	exper tru fro nuun	idi- n ni ior-	8 ար	hee.	of pu on t colls the e of	ipilis De Cat Parin the
For Boys  High Schools, English  English Middle A. M. B. M. School  Tor Girls  High Schools, English  Middle , , , Vermentar  Total Sceendary Schools  Primary education.  For Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower , ,   Total Primary Schools  Lower , ,   Total Primary Schools  Cover rathing class  T-schrital Schools  Total, special Schools  Middings and familiare	Charles Co. Jun Charles McCollege and Printers (Material Charles Charles Co. March 1974 and Alberty Stores	1		ę.	_	1		1595-96.		1895-96,		1.895-95.		1895-98	i	139 -9 .	1	1	
High Schools, English  English Middlo A. M. R. M. School  , Vermeular  For Girls  Gigh Schools, English  Muldle , ,  , Vernacular  Total Secondary Schools  Primary education,  Fee Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower ,  Total Primary Schools  Superial instruction,  Tutal Primary Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Suidings and familiaro  Miscellarizons	Secondary education.																		
High Schools, English  English Middlo A. M. B. M. School  Tor Girls  Digh Schools, English  Middlo , , , Vernacular  Total Secondary Schools  Drimary education.  Per Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	For Boys	•••										3							
English Middlo A. M. B. M. School  "Normandar"  For Girls  "Normandar"  Total Schools, English  Middlo """"  """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	High Schools, English									١.,					1				
For Girls  Olgh Schools, English  Middle n n  " N Vernacular  Total Secondary Schools  Primary education.  For Boys  Upper Prinary Schools  Lower n  Total Primary Schools  Lower n  Total Primary Schools  Second instruction.  Time I' h  Caver training class  Technical Schools  Total, special Schools  Total, special Schools  Migrallineous	English Middle A. M. R. M. School				4.,			1		123		ent B		150					
Middle , , , , Veinacular  Total Secondary Schools  Primary education.  For Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower , , ,  For Girls  Upper Primary Schools  Lower n ,  Total Primary Schools  Earning first schools  Earning class  Technical Schools  Total rimary general schools  Total special Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscalisneous  Miscalisneous	, y Vermeular											9		<b>R</b> E.					
Middle , , , , Venneular  Total Secondary Schools  Primary education.  For Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower , ,  For Girls  Upper Primary Schools  Lower , ,  Total Primary Schools  Eaver in the primary Schools  Second instruction.  Time of the primary Schools  Care training class  Tachrital Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscalieneous  Miscalieneous	For Girls											eq io	1						
Middle ,, ,, , , Vennenlar  Total Secondary Schools  Primary education.  Por Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower ,, ,  Tor Girls  Upper Primary Schools  Lower ,, ,,  Total Primary Schools  Enorgial instruction.  Time of the schools  Technical Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscalibricous	High Schools, English											Muhi					 		
Total Secondary Schools  Primary education.  For Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower  Tor Girls  Upper Primary Schools  Lower  Total Primary Schools  Sensial instruction.  Time of the No.  Corn training class  Technical Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscelliencous	Middle " "											"							
Primary education.  For Boys	n n Vernacular																		
For Boys  Upper Primary Schools  Lower  For Girls  Upper Primary Schools  Lower  Total Primary Schools  Schoolal instruction  Time of the Vector of the special Schools  Total, special Schools  Total, special Schools  Buildings and furnitare  Miscalianeous	Total Secondary Schools												İ						
Upper Primary Schools Lower , , , For Girls Upper Primary Schools Lower , , , Total Primary Schools  Sozoolal instruction, 7:: ! ! V Care training class T.schrical Schools Total, special Schools Buildings and farmiture Miscellaneous	Primary education.									١,						1			
Lower " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	For Boys	,							İ					1					
For Girls  Upper Primary Schools  Lower , ,,  Total Primary Schools  Schoolal instruction,  Time of the W.  Cover training class  Technical Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscallingsons	Upper Primary Schools																		
Upper Primary Schools  Lower n n n  Total Primary Schools  Emenial instruction.  The Normal Schools  The special Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Miscellings and farmiture  Miscellings and farmiture  Miscellings and farmiture	Lower ,, ,,				'										'				
Upper Primary Schools  Lower n n n Total Primary Schools  Senenial instruction.  The North Management of the Schools of the Special Schools of the Special Schools of the Special Schools.  Total, special Schools  Inspection of the Special Schools of the	For Girls "						}												
Total Primary Schools  Sononial instruction.  7:: ! F	Upper Primary Schools		'											ļ			ļ		
Emonial instruction.  I:: 1'k  Chru training class  T. schroical Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furnitaro  Miscallaneous	Lower , ,		1										,			'			
Gurn training class  T.chnical Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and farnitaro  Miscellaneous	Total Primary Schools																		
Christal Schools  Technical Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscallaneous	Sononial instruction.	' .	1				İ						١,					'	,
Corn training class Thehrical Schools Total, special Schools Inspection Buildings and furniture Miscalinacous	Arms (Ch. 1987) Medical Control	err .						i i		١.		1.00							
Other special Schools  Total, special Schools  Inspection  Buildings and furnituro  Miscellaneous				1															1
Total, special Schools.  Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscellineous	Tuchnical School-		-		, ,	1	'	'				1-2			1. 1.				
Inspection  Buildings and furniture  Miscallaneous	Other special Schools	•				1				1 6		İ			'		<u> </u>		
Buildings and furnitaro  Miscallineous	Total, special Schools.	,			} -			J.,			,				1 5	-			1 1
Miscalinieous	Inspection	·				1		1	1 250	-	ľ		١.			<b>.</b>			
	Buildings and furniture	,,,					'	1'		.,		i i		1			1		
Total, Municipal Expenditure 1 123 160 160	Ariscalismocus														1	-			,
Total, Municipal Expenditure 150 150													-						
	Total, Municipal Expenditure				'			1		128		760		150					

J. L. HUMPHERY,

Manager,

Mission School, Naini Tal.

NAINI TAL MUNICIPALITY.

APPENDIX L.—Loans made by Government, accounted up to 31st Hard 1696.

Amount of interest Amount of interest Remarks (including paid, unpaid, pariod of losp).	14 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Balance of loan at Amor close of year.	61 61 61
Amount repaid during year of report.	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2
Total.	2, 757, 2688 55 55 56
Amount edvenced dering year	
Balance at close of previous year	272,388
Puce of order sucharising loste.	
Rate of interest per cant.	
Amoust of Source	

o, H, roberts, Freidem

# APPENDIA P.

Statement showing the taxes in force in the Naini Tal Municipality, and the rate at which each tax is levied.

			The state of the s
Name of Municip Nami Tal.	ality	Mode of assessment in vogue.	Rate at which the tuxes are levied.
Government land to Taxes on rentals Site tax Additional site tax	)	Notices are issued under the Bye-Law and bit sent out. Landlords pay the amounts due at the municipal office.	I Rs. 71 per cont. y Rs. 3 per acre.
Site tan (bazar)	2 <b>9</b> Q	Assessment made by the Secretary who person ally enquires the renpaid by tenants.	- within the bazar.
Bungalow Consorv	ancy	A schedule of rates wa drawn-up by a Sul Committee and the ta collected by tax collec- tor.	class of house,
Capitation tax	***	Ditto ditto	Annas 3 per mensem on all regular inhabitants in the bazars. Annas 8 per measem for private latrines.
Slaughter tax	604	Leased	per head, gami, bullocks, de. Ro. 1
Stall tax	460	Collected by tax collecto	r, Annas 8 per mensem on every cowstalled in bazars, 48, 2 per mensem on horse, poney or mule.
Toll tax	200	Leased	1 (1)
Tax on quarries	***	A return is sent in by persons obtaining min terials which is tested and bills issued.	ried,
Dog tax Horse tax Servants tax	}	Notices are issued to be filled up by owners and on their return bills are issued and the amounts	Rs 2 per horse or oow per annum. Re 1 per servant per annum.
minor many symple is a		collected by tax collec- tor.	
The second secon			
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# SANITARY REPORT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF NAINT TAL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 1895-96.

	Answers.
1. State the total annual mumoipal income, excluding opening balance, and expenditure for samtary purposes during the year.  1 A. State:—	1 Rupees 92,530-14-9 Conservancy 18,364 6 10 Dispensary 475 0 0 Vaccination 139 0 0 Purchase of phenyle and disinfecting powder Romodelling bazar drains 1,206 10 3 Repairing slaughter house and Moat Market 15 7 0 1)0. Latrines 63 13 0 Clearing lake water and spring 3 0 0 Road watering 514 0 New latrine for coolie lines 599 9 10
(1) The receipts from Conservancy (Form P. col. 7 (c) ). (2) The expenditure on conservancy (Form G, col. 6 (c) ).	21,143 13 11 (1) 294 8 6 (2) 19,487 13 8
2 State briefly the sanitary works executed and in progress during the year as regards—	
(a) Drainage.	(a) No new drainage works were undertaken during the year under report.
(b) Water supply.	(b) The water supply is reliefly of the define the springs behind. Upper Basar. One proceedings the water by gravitation from springs along upper mall supplying hydrants on road side and in lower basar. The extension paper supplied by pumping) take the water to tanks on north and south side of lake to 180 and 350 feet respectively from which the houses are supplied. Many houses still draw much of their supply from the lake.

Note.—The entry against (b) should always describe the existing sources of water supply.

(c) Improvements of site.

# Answers. (d) Conservancy, (d) Mr. Hughes scheme is in operation and works very well. (e) Other sanitary in-(e) Stalls for cows have been established in both bazars and provoments. are fully utilized. The poultry shed formerly established in Lower Bazar has been dismantled. A large and efficient house has been erected in Upper Bazar, consisting of two stories, the lower being used for large poultry and the upper for smaller birds. The compartments are divided by iron gratings, and are well ventilated. The floors are covered with asphalte and are flushed out regularly. 3. How is the refuse 3. The refuse from Upper Bazar is collected at Munici pal garden, the dry portion is burned daily in a furnace, and that which wont burn is carted boyond the station and shot disposed of I What arrangements are made for conservancy? down the hill side, in a wooden shoot into a ravine, The refuse from tht Lower Bazar is thrown over the face of the cliff, into the Balla Ravine. From sema of the Hotels and houses on the mall the refuse is carted outside the station and disposed of as described under Upper Bazar. State the number These are nine in number. public latrines in working order. 4. Report briefly on the state of drainage (a) Of streets (a) Storm water from roofs and streets is carried off by mesonry drains and channels on each ride the Bazar streets and conducted into the main drains. All the drains are flushed twice doily, disinfectants being freely used during the hot weather. (b) Sullage and other water from houses in Upper Bazar is re-(b) Of houses moved in buckets by the sweeper staff and trenched in Municipal gardens. In the Lower Beau the street drains carry off and discharge into the Balia Ravine all sullage water. Sullage water from Bungslows is trenched in the grounds belonging to the houses, respectively. The station roads are mostly all drained by mascury drains on its de cf

road, and these are led into ravines, must of which have been lined with masonry. The lake received nearly all the sur-

face drainage of the bill sides direct and indirect.

#### Auswers.

5. Give a brief report of the general health of the people and the sanitary condition of the town.

5. The general health of the people was good. The sanitary conditions of the town were excellent.

6. Give particulars of any outhreak of epidemic disease during the year, with dute of commencement and termination, and measures adopted to control the epidemic.

6. During the year under report there was no outbreak of any epidemic disease,

C. H. ROBERTS,

Propident

W. H. CADGE, M.D. SÜRGN. COLONEL, Civil Surgoon

C. H. ROBERTS

President.

F. E. DOWN for Dist. Supdt. Polige,

A. Beturn of Vital Statisties in the Naini Ial Municipality for the year 1895-96.

male, Total, 1,000 of population.	24.10
Male, Fer	7 O
Ratio of 1,000 of population.	6.7
Total	
Female,	<b>5</b>
	Total. 1,000 of Male. Female. population.

B. Return of Vaccination in the Naini Tal Municipality for the year 1895-96,

	,	,	
	Remarks,		
f successful	Revaccination.	48.47	,
Percentage of successful cases.	Primary	93.62	
Re-vaccination.	Successful.	-207	
Re-vacc	fatol	427	
nation l.	Total of all ages.	289	Je-my o
Prinary vaccination successful.	Over I and under 6 years.	150	
Prima	Under 1 year.	135	
of per-	.lstoT	732	
Total number of per- sons vaccinated.	Lemvje-	330	
Total sens	Male,	402	
	Popu- lation.	7883	

C. A. FARMER, Assistant to Civil Surgeon.

C. H. ROBERTS.

President.

		Statement showing nature o	of offence and amount of fines imposed during 1895-96.	fines imposed during	1895-96.		
	Names.			Remarks	rks.		
Number of persons convicted 293		Amount of fines Rs. 601. 9 3	Maximum fine Minimum	E E E	10 0 0 3	1	Amount.
, D.							Rs. a. p.
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	rersons for committing nuisances	ng nuisances	240		12 0 P	* a <sub>p</sub>	4
200	" Cutting Cutting	oness First	0 0 A .	v + 4	0 g p		144 0 0
) 07   \$6	Cutition Code	WOOL	***	- - - - -	•••	*	တ
	Sir Louis	Die Leise Brass and grazing cattle	# 4 4 ***	ត ទ	::	0 0	0
- C	Tributey.	ang orders of the committee	6 4	9	****		
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<b>*</b>	a Service .	ALL MICE OCC.	6.00	# 0 A	•••	d •	,)
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1	Dimer Line		***************************************		***	;	0
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100	THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROP		्र इंट	•	00	:	
						-	

Out of these amounts Ra, 16 was refunded to the accused by order of Civil Court,

# No. $\frac{6380}{\text{XVIII-7}}$ of 1895-96

FROM

COLONEL E. E. GRIGG, OFFG. COMMISSIONER,

Kumaon Division, Naini Tal.

 $T_0$ 

THE PRESIDENT,

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE,

Naini Tal.

Dated Naini Tal, the 18th July 1896.

Srr,

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Expenditure Report of the Naini Tal Municipality for the year ending 31st March, 1896.

#### Receipts.

2. Under head I "Octroi," sub head II, the actual iucome was Rs. 5,917, against an estimate of Rs. 4,000, and Rs. 4,709, the actuals of the previous year. This increase of Rs. 1,208 over the previous year, is attributable to Rs. 887, the outstandings of the previous year, having been realized.

#### 11. Taxes on houses, buildings and land.

3. The increase of Rs. 1,102-2-3 under this head, is due to the outstandings of the previous year having been recovered. During the year under report, there is a balance of Rs. 694-9-3, which is in course of realization.

# IV. Taxes on horses, dogs &c.

4. The increase of Rs. 310 under this head, over the previous year, is due to closer inspection.

Now that Government orders, regarding stray dogs, have been passed, the pounds provided for the purpose should show a good income in the future.

It is noticed that a number of parriah dogs knock about the Settlement. These should be destroyed, unless they are owned by people and have collars on.

# V. Tolls on carts &c.

5. The toll tax fotched Rs. 100 more than in the previous year, the whole of which, together with the out-standing balance Rs. 1,400, of the previous year, was realized.

## VI. Special Taxes.

6. The total actual income was Rs. 151-4-2 more than in the previous year.

There was an increase under-Conservancy (a), Station.

Stoll tax

Tax on servants

and a corresponding decrease under Conservancy (b),

Site tax (a),

Additional site tax(b),

The reasons for this increase and decrease have been explained, and call for no special remark.

#### Head VII Rents.

7. The total income under this head is again considerable, viz. Rs. 4,846-7-8, against Rs. 4113-2 7 in 1894-95, and a budget-estimate of Rs. 3450,

The increase is under

- (2) shops and houses.
- (3) station quarries.
- (7) leased land,

The other three sub-heads show a corresponding decrease, while under (i) "nazul lands," no income is shown, and this was commented on by me in the last year's report. The several items have been explained, and call for no special remark.

## VIII. Gardens.

- 8. Unlike the preceding year there is a considerable increase, viz. Rs. 212-14-6, as compared with Rs. 59-5-9 in 1894-95, which is due to the cultivation of the Runsi Sewage Filter beds. The Sanitary Commissioner suggests planting plaintains at Runsi, and as there is a ready sale for this fruit the experiment should be tried.
- 9. Since the Municipal garden has been worked at a loss, the Committee did right in leasing it out.

#### X. Fines.

10. Show a trifling increase of Rs. 37-3-3 compared with the figures of the previous year.

In that year there were Rs. 20 realized under the Gambling Act. Nothing was budgeted for, and nothing realized. Naini Tal is notorious for its gambling hells, and notwithstanding the loud complaints on the subject, and the fact that gambling is extensively practised, nothing would appear to have been done to put it down.

11. I find that equestrians still continue the dangerous amusement of furious riding along the Mall, notwithstanding that some have been fined. The Deputy Commissioner should issue strict orders to the Police to run in all who disobey the orders.

12. Fince might also be inflicted on those who keep their horses, dandies, and vehicles on the Mull, near the boat shed. Proper places have been selected for [these, and the Police should be instructed to see that the orders are obeyed. It would seem desirable to put up notices indicating these stands.

#### XI. Pounds.

13. Here the income fell considerably, viz. from Rs. 116-13-0 in 1894-95 to Rs. 52 in the year under report. This is said to be probably due to fencing the dangerous slopes of Sherkadanda ridge, and placing extra patrols to proceed against offenders. But I very much doubt whether these patrols do their work properly.

## XIII Extraordinary.

14. The total receipts during the year were Rs. 14,433-2-5, compared with Rs. 38,795-15-2 in 1894-95; the decrease is due to the disappearance of Rs. 20,000, on account of loans, which appeared in the accounts of the previous year. The details of the several sub-heads have been furnished, and it is needless for me to make any remarks.

## Expenditure.

15. The variations under heads I and II have been explained, and call for no remarks.

# III. Public Works.

- 16. The expenditure under this head during the year was less than the previous year by Rs. 15,960-1-0, and exceeded the estimate by Rs. 16,748-5-0, due
  - (1) to Original Works, a detail of which is given.
  - (2) to Water Works Establishment.
  - (3) to Repairs.

The reasons for these increases are fully set forth, and call for no remarks.

17. I am glad to find that extensive improvements to roads in the Settlement have been carried out, and that most of the roads now have been sened with wire.

The protective measures carried out on the Sherkadanda hill have been completed since the close of the year and should therefore [be more properly commented on in the present year's review. Still, I think it incumbent on me to say that they have so far proved effective, and now that the wishes of the Committee have been given effect to, they promise to remove all ground for alarm in connection with the safety of the said hill. There have been one or two slight slips since the rains set in, but these have been properly attended to, and I am justified in saying that the roads throughout the Settlement have never been in better order.

18. Charges increased from Rs. 17,906-10-5 to Rs. 18,685-5-10, and

against an estimate of Rs. 15,400. The several items which make up this increase have been given, and it is useless my commenting on them.

#### VIII. Road Watering.

19. The expenditure was Rs. 5-14-0 compared with Rs. 257-12-1 in 1894-95. The reason assigned is that the roads did not require much watering. Even when watered it was imperfectly done, so that it would be as well if they were not watered at all.

## IX. Lighting.

20. The expenditure was Rs. 2017-1-0 againt Rs. 1419-1-9 in 1894-95, and a budget provision of Rs. 1,700. This increase is due to three extra lamps having been put up, and to the enhanced price of oil.

#### X. Gardens.

21. The expenditure was less by Rs. 113-3-0, as compared with the previous year, on account of the new idea of leasing out the garden instead of cultivating it.

#### XI. Miscellancous.

- 22. Here the charges of the year exceeded the figures of the previous year, also the budget. The details have been given, and show that the excess was under the sub-heads "Refunds and other Miscellaneous items."
- 23. The year closed with a balance of Rs. 6482-13-10 to the credit of the Municipality, but the Treasury Officer certifies to a balance of Rs. 6,669-11-7. The cause of this difference is due to a cheque for Rs. 186-13-9 not having been cashed in March and before the close of the year.
- 24. No mention is made in the Report of the Assembly Rooms' accounts, but in G O. 89 dated the 10th January 1895 Government directed that the details of the balance should be given.

It is however stated that, owing to heavy expenditure having been incurred on repairs to the building, furniture, and fittings of the Assembly Rooms during the year, and also to the redemption of debentures amounting to Rs. 1,000, the funds available were insufficient for the demands, and Rs. 903-0-11 had to be advanced from Municipal Funds.

#### Vaccination.

25. The figures for the two years are given below:

1 1 1 = 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	No.	vaccinate	ed.,	Primary.	Re-vaccinations
ushiri)		,		Total.	ruocessful,
1894-95		609	1	602	A Marie Carlo
1895-96	***;	732	1	289	207

No mention is made by the President of the working of the Act.

#### Vital Statistics.

26. The following show the result:-

			Bir <b>ths.</b>	Deaths.
1894-95	•••	•••	159	210
1895-96			199	291

Here, also, the President has failed to make any remarks.

27. The Sanitary Report, which is signed bythe Civil Surgeon, shows that the general health of the people was good, and it is stated there was no outbreak of any epidemic disease, which is highly satisfactory. But, I believe I am correct in saying that there was a good deal of influenza early this year, and that small-pox was very prevalent, but this latter disease did not assume any serious aspect till after the year had closed. I merely allude to the fact, in as much as no proper precautions were taken to prevent people, suffering from the desease, entering the Settlement. It is not stated that any member of the Committee tested the Vital Statistics.

#### General Remarks.

It seems imperatively necessary that some early steps should be taken to renew the pumping engines. For several years they have been condemned as being unequal to the strain thrown on them. People below the Cheena hill had, during the year, to send for their water from the bazar, and I believe this was the case with the dwellers to the west of Sukha But the residents on the Ayarpatta and lower portions of Sherkadanda hills are fairly well served in the matter of water. It is those who dwell at higher levels who, in a dry season, experience great difficulty in procuring drinking water, partly owing to the neglect to keep the springs in proper order, and partly, I think, to not utilizing existing springs. Lately, an excellent spring has been discovered high up the lower slepes of Cheena: and, I believe, if the hill sides were properly explored, we should find water behind Lariya Kanta, and elsewhere, at altitudes sufficient ly high to admit of it being conducted in pipes to the Settlemant, to meet the requirements of those who are not fortunate enough to be served by the pumping engines. In time of drought, too, it is essentially necessary that men be put on to prevent water being drawn during the night for gardens. At Cheena Khan "diggi" the water was, I am informed, taken for this purpose; the consequence being, instead of the tank being replenished during the night it was found empty in the morning; and for the dribble obtainable crowds were to be seen waiting, patiently, till their turn came.

Your attention was drawn to this, as also to other matters, both this and last year, and require the closest supervision on the part of the Committee,

- 29. Lodging houses have formed the subject of special correspondence, and if the elaborate rules are worked properly there should be no overcrowding.
- 30. I am glad to find that the Committee has taken steps to properly fende dangerous bits of the roads.

- 31. There is no allusion to the new Dispensary, but as it was not opened until atter the year's close, this was perhaps not considered necessary. It was however, I believe, occupied early in the year, and should prove a great boon to the people. I trust the Committee may see its way to give a fairly decent subscription towards the support of this institution, which owes its existence, almost entirely, to private liberality, and I would suggest to the members of the Committee that they should interest themselves in obtaining subscriptions for its up-keep.
- 32. Except from a distance, I have not had an opportunity of inspecting the new Sewerage Works at Runsi. The Sanitary Commissioner it seems is satisfied with their working.
- 33. Your passing allusion, in the 27th paragraph of the report, to this Officer's exhaustive report, and his excellant suggestions, hardly meets the case. It would have been more satisfactory had you stated, categorically, in what particular instances those suggestions had been given effect to; and I must request you to submit a further detailed report on his criticisms and suggestions, e. g. there is no doubt that the existing latrine system is extremely faulty, and calls for extensive reform. Private latrines are often most offensive. I would, in particular, instance that of the Metropole Hotel. But this latrine question is one which should receive the earlist possible attention from the Committee.
- 34. The overcrowding in private compounds has also been the subject of separate correspondence, and it is to be hoped that the proposed rules may prevent any danger on this score.
- 35. As regards lighting, I do not think the Committee have yet met the requirements of the Settlement by the expenditure of some Rs. 300 over the estimate. There is, no doubt, some improvement in this respect, but much more is needed before the Settlement can be said to be properly lighted. The main streets and thoroughfares are provided with sufficient light, but I think there might be a few more lamps distributed, here and there, in the most dangerous parts of the hill-side roads.

It has, I believe, been proposed that electric lighting should be introduced by using the water running to waste down the Ballia ravine.

The Sanitary Engineer to Government had formulated some such proposal, and I would suggest to the Committee the possibility of scoing whether it is possible to carry it out.

86. I have already commented on the Sherkadauda hill protective measures, which the Government have most generously, at a large expenditure of money, carried out. The charge of this hill, regarding the stability of which, from time to time, doubts have arisen, will shortly be made over to the Committee. And it will be incumbent on the Committee to see that the works are maintained in as good condition as when handed over to them by the Public Works Department. Whatever may have been their condition in April or May, when work was stopped owing to want of funds, there is no doubt that they are

now in first rate order, and with the unremitting attention which they are from day to day receiving at the hands of the Public Works Department Officials, I believe you will find the roads in a better condition than they ever previously were.

The thanks of the Committee are, I think, certainly due to the Executive Engineer, Mr. Wildeblood, and his able Assistant, Mr. Gill, for the work they have done.

- 37. I am glad to find that the Committee are satisfied with the manner their Secretay, Captain Ryan, has performed his duties. He is an Officer of ripe experience, and since he has taken up the duties of Secretary and Municipal Engineer, there is no question that the roads and other works in his charge have been vastly improved.
- 38. I believe I am correct in saying that the members of the Committee have, as a body, taken an intelligent interest in all that concerns the welfare of the Settlement, which is conterminous with the Municipality, and it is for this reason perhaps that you have, as President, refrained from the invidious task of particularizing the services rendered by any one member. But I think I am justified in noting the names of two members, Mr. F. E. G. Matthews and Rai Bahahama Shahawha who have especially interested themselves in Municipal matter.
- 39. I see that the financial condition of the Municipality is engaging your serious attention; every thank of treation has been exhausted. All that remains to be done in the such that the taxes and other dues find their way into the Municipal coffers.
- 40. You have not, I see, noticed the propriety of using coal in the place of wood for the pumping engines. The late Secretary, Mr. Orchard, did, I believe, promise some figures on the relative cost of coal and wood for fuel, and having regard to the enormous quantity of wood required aumually, and the fact that the supply from the Settlement forests is running short, I would suggest the enquiry be pursued.
- 11. With regard to the planting up of the bare hill sides of Sherka-danda, the experiment should be continued. You are not likely to have a drought for some years to come. Some attempt to establish a nursery in the Municipal gardens might be made. The cost would not be great, and you would then be in a position to judge what trees thrive. Moreover, you would, by this measure, avoid the cost of carriage, which proved so heavy when the Forest Department undertook the work.

In private compounds trees (deodar &c.) have been found to flourish, and there is no reason why the Committee should not be equally successful. This is a work which can only be carried out, with any prospect of success, when properly supervised. In the plains district, road avenues will large uish and perish if neglected. They require unreasing attention from the district officer, and this you should, as head of the district, as also President of the Committee, be able and be willing to give. It must be remembered

Department to plant up the Sherkadanda bare slopes, was the apparent hopelessness of expecting the Municipality to interest itself in this matter. Whether the necessity of this work had previously been brought to the Committee's notice I am not in a position to say, but that it had been lost sight of in the past would appear only too probable. I trust you will take advantage of the present rains to experiment in this direction, either by starting a nursery or planting out seedlings of a couple or three years' growth.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
E. E. GRIGG,
Commissioner.